Victorian Year-Book 1954-58

PART IV.

FACTORIES, FISHERIES, MINES, ETC.

FACTORIES.

Statistical records of factories in Victoria date from 1850, when the number of factories was 68. In 1900 the total had reached 3,097 and 64,207 persons were employed in them. Fairly regular progress, concurrent with increase in population and consequent extension of the home market, was maintained until 1928-29 when the onset of the world depression caused a severe check to the manufacturing industries of the State. Statistics for the years 1927-28 to 1931-32 demonstrate clearly the effect of gradually declining prices and restricted activity.

Thereafter, however, an upward trend obtained until 1938-39 when due to a drop in export prices and also to a severe drought in Victoria, manufacturing industries were adversely affected and there was a consequent decline in employment.

The exigencies of the world war which commenced in September, 1939 made unprecedented demands on the industrial capacity of the State both in regard to the equipment of the armed forces and the provision of civilian needs.

In the later years expansion has been accentuated by reason of the continually increasing price levels. Comparison of the results for the years 1956–57 and 1957–58 shows that the number of factories rose from 16,232 to 16,426, the average number of employees increased from 355,204 to 357,143, and the net value of production increased from £528,030,901 to £566,475,601.

Victoria has a comparatively compact territory producing a variety of raw materials; a temperate climate; an intelligent labour supply; large power resources; a growing home market; and an extensive system of State-owned railways served by a network of feeder roads. It possesses highways and main roads which cater effectively for the ever-growing motor haulage industry. These advantages, coupled with the continued organization of production and of markets, should maintain the progress of the State in the manufacturing field.

The Commonwealth Government's policy of protection, by tariffs, for local industries has no doubt been of assistance in attracting capital for investment in manufacturing industries in this State.

In the next table particulars indicating the development of the manufacturing industries of Victoria during the twenty-year period 1938-39 to 1957-58 are given:—

VICTORIA—GROWTH IN FACTORY PRODUCTION.

	Ended June	Number of Factories.	Number of Persons Employed.	Value of Plant, Machinery, Land, and Buildings.	Amount of Salaries and Wages Paid.	Value of Materials used (including Containers).	Value of Output.
1939	••	9,250	201,831	£ 80,596,625	£ 38,305,885	£ 80,721,680	£ 152,967,611
1940		9,215	212,461	84,553,699	41,920,726	93,390,751	174,304,401
1941		9,121	237,636	92,050,326	52,294,673	112,024,332	209,348,845
1942		8,918	258,400	98,157,370	67,158,613	136,058,136	257,281,080
1943	••	8,738	262,357	104,605,310	76,033,111	144,778,354	277,678,940
1944	• • •	9,317	261,299	110,520,701	77,400,688	149,189,244	284,647,914
1945		9,669	257,633	116,379,925	74,227,245	152,761,198	287,422,311
1946		10,195	256,249	118,802,347	70,499,214	154,224,950	286,989,408
1947	'	10,949	265,757	121,877,270	77,993,765	170,223,745	315,437,679
1948	,.	11,642	278,271	132,058,592	93,802,188	203,121,836	377,412,025
1949		12,702	292,006	149,463,382	112,410,440	244,486,168	446,837,879
1950		13,231	303,476	176,872,369	130,254,694	284,197,019	5 26,46 6,280
1951		13,504	316,792	207,587,582	163,207,236	370,258,115	675,033,324
1952		14,758	324,143	248,398,656	202,585,880	463,121,444	833,967,023
1953		15,154	310,759	282,690,086	210,877,568	461,810,787	860,146,161
1954		15,533	331,277	339,267,651	236,036,586	531,527,923	985,505,127
1955		15,861	352,648	412,671,190	262,749,786	597,009,079	1,100,656,423
1956		16,053	355,185	473,216,589	286,944,212	653,230,994	1,201,391,746
1957		16,232	355,204	542,808,638	296,607,452	683,904,232	1,276,141,978
1958	•••	16,426	357,143	591,085,680	310,540,109	743,273,629	1,377,697,308

NOTE.—Particulars of the amounts taken by working proprietors as drawings have not been collected since 1945-46 (inclusive).

Factories and Wages Board 1873. Since then many other Acts dealing with the Labour and Industry Act 1958 consolidated all Acts passed prior to that year. The general provisions of factory legislation, including Wages Boards, are further referred to in Part, "Social Condition," of this Year-Book.

Plans must be approved by the department of Labour and Industry before the commencement of the building of any factory premises or alterations or additions.

statistics Act Statistics concerning the factories of Victoria are 1928. collected by the Deputy Commonwealth Statistician and Government Statist under the authority of the Commonwealth Census and Statistics Act 1905–49 and the Victorian Statistics Act 1958. In the year 1902, Australian statisticians adopted a uniform classification of industries for statistical purposes in all States. A factory is taken to be an industrial establishment in which four or more hands are employed or in which power other than hand is used. In 1930, a new classification, based upon that used in Great Britain for census purposes, was adopted and still obtains. The definition of a factory remains unchanged.

In estimating the relative importance of various industries, or the value of manufacturing industry as a whole, the method used is to calculate the value added in the process of manufacture. This "added value" is arrived at in the following way:—From the value of output of each industry are deducted the most important items of manufacturing expense such as costs of raw materials, containers, fuel and light, repairs to plant and machinery, and replacement of tools; the remainder constitutes the value added to raw materials in the process of manufacture, and represents the fund available for the payment of wages, taxation, rent, interest, insurance, &c., and profit.

It is considered that owing to the duplication of materials used, the finished produce of one process of manufacture forming, as it often does, the raw material for another, an inaccurate impression would be obtained by using the total value of output of manufacturing industries in year to year comparisons. Woollen manufactures might be cited as an example. Greasy wool forms the raw material for the wool-scouring industry, the product of which is scoured wool. This is afterwards combed into wool tops which are used in the spinning mills for the manufacture of yarn. In due course the yarn is woven into cloth, the raw material for the clothing industry. If these processes are carried out separately in different factories it is evident that the value of the wool would be counted five times by using value of output as the basis for annual comparisons of manufacturing production.

The concept of "Added value" prevents this double counting, gives a truer picture of the relative economic importance of industries, and also provides a good basis for estimating and comparing productive efficiency in manufacturing.

The following table shows the value added per person employed in each class of manufacturing industry during the year ended 30th June, 1958:--

VICTORIA—VALUE ADDED BY PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE, 1957–58.

Class of Industry.	Average Number of Persons Employed.	Value Added.	Value Added per Person Employed.
		£	£
1. Treatment of non-metalliferous mine and quarry products	6,341	11,822,268	1,864
2. Bricks, pottery, glass, &c.	5,660	8,768,272	1,549
3. Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paint, oils and grease	16,996	48,563,400	2,857
4. Industrial metals, machines, implements, and conveyances	134,221	198,464,108	1,479
5. Precious metals, jewellery, and plate	2,469	3,423,335	1,387
6. Textiles and textile goods (not dress)	38,078	50,520,320	1,327
7. Skins and leather (not clothing or footwear)	4,649	6,008,812	1,292
8. Clothing	45,764	48,346,805	1,056
9. Food, drink, and tobacco	37,310	71,433,221	1,915
10. Woodworking and basketware	14,815	22,030,405	1,487
II. Furniture, bedding &c	6,550	9,062,831	1,384
12. Paper, stationery, printing, book- binding, &c	22,113	41,840,556	1,892
13. Rubber	6,932	13,456,679	1,941
14. Musical instruments	269	436,876	1,624
5. Miscellaneous products	10,357	15,983,080	1,543
6. Heat, light and power	4,619	16,314,633	3,532
Total	357,143	566,475,601	1,586*

* Average for all Industries.

As added value is based on value of output, the added value per employee is affected not only by output per employee, but also by the price obtained, and should, therefore, in a comparison of the results of different years, be corrected to allow for variations in price levels. Other important factors are the quantity and the efficiency of the machinery used in the process of manufacture.

The following table summarizes the total value added by the process of manufacturing in each of the past ten years:—

VICTORIA-VALUE ADDED BY PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE.

Year Ended 30th June—		Value of Output.	Expenses of Manufactur- ing.*		Average Number of Persons Employed.	Value Added per Person Employed.	
		£	£	£		£	
1949		446,837,879	264,077,503	182,760,376	292,006	626	
1950		526,466,280	307,221,673	219,244,607	303,476	722	
1951		675,033,324	399,372,947	275,660,377	316,792	870	
1952	••	833,967,023	499,607,098	334,359,925	324,143	1,032	
1953		860,146,161	502,113,333	358,032,828	310,759	1,152	
1954	• •	985,505,127	577,190,411	408,314,716	331,277	1,233	
1955		1,100,656,423	648,433,221	452,223,202	352,648	1,282	
1956		1,201,391,746	709,444,158	491,947,588	355,185	1,385	
1957		1,276,141,978	748,111,077	528,030,901	355,204	1,487	
1958	• •	1,377,697,308	811,221,707	566,475,601	357,143	1,586	

^{* &}quot;Expenses of manufacturing" includes the following costs only:—Raw materials, containers, fuel and light, tools replaced, repairs to plant and machinery, lubricating oil, and water.

The classification of industries, as adopted in 1930, is set out in the next table. The data shown were compiled from returns rendered compulsorily by all factory proprietors in Victoria. It should, however, be noted that, where a factory, engaged in the production of such goods as would entitle it to classification in more than one sub-class of industry, is unable to give separate production costs, &c., in respect thereof, it is classified according to the predominant product of such factory.

VICTORIAN FACTORIES—POWER, WORKERS, MANUFAC

Nature of Industry.	Factories.	Rated Horse- power		Average Number Employed.		
		of Engines.	Males.	Females.	Wages Paid.	
Olega d. Non made his annual little and	No.				£	
Class 1.—Non-metalliferous Mine and Quarry products	442	E2 0E0	£ 000	252		
Briquetting	1	53,952 21,829	5,988 430	353 6	6,118,099 533,563	
Lime, plaster and asphalt	38	4,759	517	23	554 ,305	
Fibrous plaster and products	175	1,945	1,374	81	1,220,499	
Marble, slate, &c Cement and cement goods, &c	56 5	2,397	407 479	13	370,409	
Asbestos cement sheets and mould-	3	3,144	419	14	586,110	
ings	136	5,708	1,953	84	1,907,549	
Other	31	14,170	828	132	945,664	
Class 2.—Bricks, Pottery, Glass, &c.	159	38,865	5,155	505	5,262,675	
Bricks, tiles, and firebricks Earthenware, china, and porcelain	65 41	26,332	2,396	55	2,561,205	
Other (including glass and glass	4.1	5,240	1,072	254	1,138,487	
Bortles)	53	7,293	1,687	196	1,562,983	
Glass 3.—Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paint, Oils, and Grease Industrial and heavy chemicals, and	350	151,142	13,018	3,978	17,234,395	
acids	74	22,531	2,364	359	3,171,147	
tions tonet prepara-	59	8,738	1,441	1,214	2,376,341	
Explosives (including fireworks)	12	30,854	2,744	1,173	3,552,565	
White lead, paints, and varnish	52	7,643	1,318	406	1,710,288	
Oils, vegetable (including oilcake) Oils, mineral	9	724	72	6	84,026	
Boiling down, tallow refining	18 37	6,188	$^{1,314}_{711}$	129 29	1,798,766 768,221	
Soap and candles	25	3,806	612	150	822,042	
Chemical fertilizers	8	14,681	1,559	51	1,739,179	
Inks and polishes	48 8	$\frac{4,258}{2,690}$	543 340	263 198	714,408 497,412	
		2.090	340	190	497,412	
Class 4.—Industrial Metals, Machines, Implements, and Con-					ļ	
veyances	5,971	417,233	118,775	15,446	124,314,428	
Smelting, converting, refining of		- 1	•	•		
Smelting, converting, refining of iron and steel	11	8,259	1,304	41	1,395,686	
Smelting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery		8,259 13,151	$\frac{1,304}{2,933}$	41 140	1,395,686 3,047,036	
Smelting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery Other engineering	11 224	8,259	1,304	41	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490	
Smelting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery Other engineering Extracting and refining of other	11 224 686 830	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012	41 140 2,609 595	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Chter engineering Extracting and refining of other metals: alloys	11 224 686	8,259 13,151 83,291	1,304 $2,933$ $21,842$	41 140 2,609	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490	
Smelting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus	11 224 686 830	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012	41 140 2,609 595	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and	11 224 686 830 24	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012	41 140 2,609 595	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905 328,277	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramears and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly	11 224 686 830 24 370 22	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604	
Smelting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramears and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995	
Smelting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramears and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs Motor bodies	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 408	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramcars and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs Motor bodies Horse-drawn vehicles Motor accessories	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 408 10	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872 89	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090 36	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188 25,815	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramcars and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs Motor bodies Horse-drawn vehicles Motor accessories Motor accessories Motor accessories Motor accessories	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 408	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramears and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs Motor bodies Horse-drawn vehicles Motor accessories Aircraft Cycles (foot and hand driven) and accessories	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 498 10 91	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872 89 10,941	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090 36 2,790	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348 1 948	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,036,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188 25,815 3,257,981	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramears and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs Motor bodies Horse-drawn vehicles Motor accessories Alicraft Cycles (foot and hand driven) and accessories Ship and boat building—	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 498 91 23	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872 89 10,941 17,422 400	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090 6,047 .176	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348 477 19	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,026,490 7,910,935 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188 22,545 3,257,981 6,761,528 129,780	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramears and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs Motor bodies Horse-drawn vehicles Motor accessories Aircraft Cycles (foot and hand driven) and accessories Ship and boat building— Government	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 498 10 91 23 46	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872 89 10,941 17,422 400 9,037	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090 36 2,790 6,047 176 1,438	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348 1 1 948 477	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,026,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188 25,815 3,287,981 6,761,528 129,780 1,457,611	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Entire in the interior in the	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 498 91 23	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872 89 10,941 17,422 400 9,037 2,348	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090 36 2,790 6,047 176 1,438 764	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348 447 1948 477	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,026,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188 25,815 3,287,981 6,761,528 129,780 1,457,611 794,629	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery Other engineering Extracting and refining of other metals; alloys Electrical machinery, cables and apparatus Tramears and rolling stock (Government) Motor vehicles— Construction and assembly Repairs Motor bodies Horse-drawn vehicles Motor accessories Aircraft Cycles (foot and hand driven) and accessories Ship and boat building— Government Municipal and other Cutlery and small hand tools Agricultural machines and imple-	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 498 10 91 23 46 46	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872 89 10,941 17,422 400 9,037 2,348 12,827	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090 6,047 176 1,438 764 1,993	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348 477 19 60 12 265	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,026,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188 25,815 3,287,981 6,761,528 129,780 1,457,611 794,629 2,086,136	
Smeiting, converting, refining of iron and steel Foundries (ferrous) Plant equipment and machinery. Entire in the interior in the	11 224 686 830 24 370 22 15 2,237 498 10 91 23 46	8,259 13,151 83,291 28,634 1,018 28,827 23,416 39,255 14,708 14,872 89 10,941 17,422 400 9,037 2,348	1,304 2,933 21,842 8,012 280 8,916 7,516 9,095 13,812 8,090 36 2,790 6,047 176 1,438 764	41 140 2,609 595 26 3,055 38 748 1,249 348 447 1948 477	1,395,686 3,047,036 24,026,490 7,910,905 328,277 10,602,935 6,487,164 10,362,604 10,994,995 7,856,188 25,815 3,287,981 6,761,528 129,780 1,457,611 794,629	

TURING COSTS AND VALUE OF PRODUCTION, 1957-58.

Fuel and Light Used.	Lubricat- ing Oil and Water.	Repairs to Plant, &c.	Materials Used, Including Containers.	Articles Produced or Work Done,	Value Added.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.
٤	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1,942,356	85,982	728,377	11,641,193	26,220,176	11,822,268	4,364,627	6,568,436
323,467	26,348	80,507	646,218	2,082,064	1,005,524	376,775	1,331,159
$212,336 \\ 42,976$	9,086 4,689	99,089 42,533	2,184,485 1,695,698	3,874,200 3,762,853	1,369,204 1,976,957	417,855 966,666	481,963 285,807
12,414	1,811	24,704	376,071	1,078,155	663,155	117,346	64,241
68,962	10,993	122,341	1.200,294	2,606,412	1,203,822	526,869	589,023
62,843	20,225	187,218	3,778,889	7,355,790	3,306,615	950,974	1,117,782
1,219,358	12,830	171,985	1,759,538	5,460,702	2,296,991	1,008,142	2,698,461
1,910,069	63,630	997,586	4,104,660	15,844,217	8,768,272	3,603,113	3,005,079
995,911 $292,437$	33,923 6,054	359,814 115,198	978,852 248,487	$6,167,381 \ 2,388,840$	3,798,881 1,726,664	$\begin{array}{c} 1,210\ 173 \\ 742,515 \end{array}$	$\substack{1,471,368\\475,022}$
	1	1	1				
621,721	23,653	522,574	2,877,321	7,287,996	3,242,727	1,650,425	1,058,689
6,087,092	268,081	3,280,030	94,981,119	153,179,722	48,563,400	28,851,541	51,435,431
662,838	43,654	544,975	9,558,897	17,682,819	6,872,455	4,332,796	6,343,924
225,310	15,922	181,943	6,316,584	12,684,561	5,944,802	5,223,644	1,706,205
$327,925 \\ 89,617$	30,682 9,804	256,102	6,493,703	12,896,735	5,788,323	5,341,837 2,476,113	7,647,697 1,933,721
11,208	1,196	80,836 13,165	7,116,476 769,284	10,579,160 984.608	3,282,427 189,755	255,656	168,626
3,948,756	109,109	1,203,277	44,925,882	65,422,406	15,235,382	7,282,535	28,998,624
$\frac{244,103}{193,797}$	12,581 11,607	101,340 417,418	3,022,457 $4,912,384$	5,060,427 8,443,382	1,679,946 2,908,176	498,797 822,512	586,747 1,488,409
265,322	19,114	394,986	8,075,116	12,610,001	3,855,463	945,034	1,387,449
$\frac{39,657}{78,559}$	4,531 9,881	45,876 40,112	2,830,546 959,790	4,885,159 1,930,464	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,964,549 \\ 842,122 \end{array}$	935,835 736,782	602,972 571,057
,,,,,	.,			2,000,101		, , , , , , ,	0,-,,,,
6,340,487	622,183	8,490,553	194,281,556	408,198,887	198,464,108	95,603,296	69,561,194
305,118	8,269	138,386	1.050.791	9 961 510	1,858,956	279,632	373,661
378,286	14,087	216,787	1,050,781 $2,874,432$	3,361,510 8,013,615	4,530,023	2,029,425	1,714,583
938,922	114,577	1,425,508	38,840,896	81,459,404	40,139,501	17,697,601	12,779,196
217,214	37,044	379,467	8,317,554	22,649,509	13,698,230	5,864,739	4,617,007
44/225	845	38,556	2,847,468	3,740,395	809,301	370,682	236,401
554,724	34,569	648,282	21,283,996	38,863,199	16,341,628	9,003,867	6,358,513
223,643	5,386	499,031	4,668,997	13,999,602	9,602.545	2,063,700	1,107,976
$723,660 \\ 292,321$	138,596 59,267	1,670,491 $400,785$	15,150,514	35,946,346 29,412,029	18,263,085 16,983,698	9,458,161 15,359,560	9,976,232 3,416,811
282,553	31,569	394,677	10.430.931	22,230,582	11,090,852	4,567,453	1,764,053
$^{618}_{193,650}$	$160 \\ 21,942$	282,232	22,952 3,822,875	74,739 10,437,889	50,495 6,117,190	26,831 $2,465,990$	5,404 2,064,930
227,366	22,051	186,514	4,609,234	13,757,468	8,712,303	5,203,978	2,455,684
9,831	284	5,145	442,398	746,520	288,862	218,862	43,127
37,648	5,316	26,167	462,977	2,108,593	1,576,485	664,108	844,861
$\substack{19,425 \\ 132,447}$	2,284 13,619	48,004 112,401	382,623 1,904,265	1,759,666 $5,881,705$	$1,307,330 \ 3,718,973$	400,240 1,223,438	182,759 853,493
	1		i				1
357,762	27,722	380,052	7,361,827	16,799,054	8,671,691	2,730,684	2,648,859
$113,852 \\ 236,250$	5,557 12,458	$\begin{array}{c} 112,953 \\ 191,952 \end{array}$	5,571,760 4,624,033	7,831,386 9,984,892	2,027,264 4,920,199	$\begin{array}{c} 402,613 \\ 2,186,537 \end{array}$	292,849 1,378,157

VICTORIAN FACTORIES—POWER WORKERS, MANUFACTURING

Nature of Industry.	Factories.	Rated Horse- power	Average Emp	Number loyed.	Salaries and	
		of Engines.	Males.	Females.	Wages Paid.	
Glass 4—continued. Sheet metal working, pressing and	No.				£	
stamping Pipes, tubes, fittings—ferrous Wire and wireworking (including	363 10	$23,700 \\ 2,324$	$6,756 \\ 449$	1,737 16	7,824,618 527,537	
nails) Stoves, ovens, and ranges	68 24	8,478 4,942	$1,944 \\ 1,488$	395 224	2,217,672 1,694,383	
Gas fittings and meters	6 4	59 648	$\frac{272}{63}$	$\frac{10}{24}$	262,362 79,176	
Sewing machines Arms, ammunition Wireless and amplifying apparent	10 8	$\begin{array}{c c} 60 \\ 29,979 \end{array}$	$\substack{113\\1,659}$	$\frac{23}{130}$	106,049	
Wireless and amplifying apparatus Other metal works	39 70	2,166 2,023	$\frac{2,023}{387}$	$1,400 \\ 56$	1,659,049 3,036,293 363,612	
Class 5. Precious Metals, Jewellery, and Plate	266	5,046	2,061	408	2,065,615	
Jewellery Watches and clocks Gold, silver, and electroplate	105 29 132	515 326 4,205	544 207 1,310	157 35 216	530,699 212,064 1,322,852	
Class 6.—Textiles and Textile Goods		,			, ,	
Cotton spinning and weaving Wool, worsted, spinning, and weav-	748 44	102,899 14,992	16,789 1,921	21,289 1,958	29,352,927 3,352,612	
ing, &c. Hosiery and other knitted goods Silk, natural	88 427 3	$\begin{array}{c} 41,081 \\ 14,227 \\ 2,382 \end{array}$	5,625 4,556 161	6,430 $10,483$ 188	9,065,365 10,657,536 289,249	
Rayon, nylon, and other synthetic	11	3,776	929	387	1,150,710	
Flax mills Rope and cordage	7 12	1,734	228	20	245,940	
Canvas goods, tents, &c	31	$9,174 \\ 164$	954 204	554 165	$\frac{1,260,860}{268,715}$	
Bags and sacks	26 31 68	$\begin{array}{c} 1,801 \\ 6,063 \\ 7,505 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 162 \\ 924 \\ 1.125 \end{array}$	$111 \\ 278 \\ 715$	$197,456 \\ 1,212,750 \\ 1,651,734$	
Class 7.—Skins and Leather (not			,		-,,	
Clothing or Footwear) Furriers and fur dressing	289 70	21,292 433	3, 594 197	1, 055 135	3,840,602 217,276	
Fellmongery	26 36	$6,089 \\ 13,532$	832	6	816,676	
Saddlery, harness, and whips	9	62	1,827	168 30	$1,846,806 \\ 68,375$	
Bags and trunks	139	1,068 1,068	$\frac{42}{628}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 710 \end{array}$	$\frac{42,931}{848,538}$	
Class 8.—Clothing Tailoring and ready-made clothing	2,516 634	29,266	13,984	31,780	30,126,717	
Waterproof and oilskin clothing	17	$\begin{array}{c} 3,274 \\ 592 \end{array}$	2,865 116	6,914 334	6,447,828 304,198	
Millinery	607 67	$2,613 \\ 285$	$1,211 \\ 180$	7,528 636	5,319,924 505,463	
Shirts, collars, and underclothing Foundation garments	170	2,689	723	5,626	3,912,006	
Handkerchiefs, ties, and scarves	33 30	$\frac{1,124}{113}$	234	1,504 373	1,111,940 277.213	
Hats and caps	12	831	202	171	277,213 272,873	
Boots and shoes Boot repairing	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 221 \end{array}$	$\frac{79}{9,202}$	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 5,371 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 218 \\ 5,721 \end{array}$	$154,859 \\ 8,004,732$	
	359	561	712	54	328,495	
Umbrellas and walking sticks	39 5	997 30	375 21	211 66	457,543 48.217	
Dyeworks and cleaning	264 42	6,673 203	$1,756 \\ 107$	2,054 370	328,495 457,543 48,217 2,704,326 277,100	
Class 9.—Food, Drink, and Tobacco Grain milling	2,022 34	222,430 15,235	26,981 1,263	1 0,329 51	32,559,995 1,308,466	
Cereal foods and starch	21	10,634	783	421	1,091,415	
haff-cutting and corn-crushing	13 62	$\frac{1,547}{2,315}$	171 260	$\frac{13}{24}$	$\substack{196,548 \\ 210,459}$	
Bakeries	1,075	8,001	4,185	1,287	3,605,055	

Costs and Value of Production,—continued 1957-58.

							
Fuel and Light Used.	Lubricat- ing Oil and Water.	Repairs to Plant, &c.	Materials Used, Including Containers.	Articles Produced or Work Done.	Value Added.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
$377{,}114$ $32{,}068$	$\substack{27,377\\1,927}$	744,540 51,996	19,306,281 1,165,214	$33,386,739 \\ 2,181,451$	12,930,827 930,246	5,916, 444 139,417	5,061,918 151,964
158,617 264,351 5,754 16,084 1,416 103,561 77,222 14,785	11,402 7,575 282 369 164 9,046 5,521 2,918	193,797 142,478 3,109 16,750 1,249 58,454 100,345 19,931	$\begin{array}{c} 7,649,203\\ 2,447,529\\ 76,410\\ 539,611\\ 69,787\\ 6,340,910\\ 9,732,611\\ 606,929 \end{array}$	13,045,258 5,145,272 427,783 732,402 226,852 8,258,711 14,401,186 1,335,130	5,032,239 2,283,339 342,228 159,588 154,236 1,746,740 4,485,487 690,567	2,371,290 1,155,079 60,864 66,771 160,214 2,077,056 1,079,862 358,198	1,605,970 1,268,484 20,909 78,320 3,101 7,069,259 963,687 223,026
131,599 10,744 7,879 112,976	9,944 1,087 412 8,445	75,202 11,011 5,162 59,029	2,795,601 745,440 860,097 1,190,064	6,435,681 1,696,605 1,195,856 3,543,220	3,423,335 928,323 322,306 2,172,706	1, 720,544 498,470 248,057 974,017	588,492 82,893 90,930 414,669
2,172,504 287,355	1 94,542 21,995	2,184,216 458,224	75,800,329 12,240,169	130,871,911 19,882,855	50,520,320 6,875,112	22,475,125 3,095,131	19,420,222 2,108,256
$\begin{array}{c} 743,529 \\ 478,194 \\ 56,627 \end{array}$	67,764 36,014 2,429	620,504 589,051 42,021	$\substack{24,597,525\\23,951,258\\653,647}$	39,461,291 $43,024,020$ $1,273,467$	$\substack{13,431,969\\17,969,403\\518,743}$	$\substack{5,543,371\\7,319,900\\256,183}$	6,583,282 5,766,123 385,919
110,887 13,288 73,647 4,493 7,097 261,631 135,756	4,601 1,514 4,478 263 1,068 43,916 10,500	$\begin{array}{c} 53,140 \\ 32,227 \\ 99,071 \\ 6,337 \\ 11,900 \\ 121,899 \\ 149,842 \end{array}$	$\substack{1,939,566\\662,139\\2,037,741\\900,057\\1,248,480\\2,003,622\\5,566,025}$	4,141,990 920,203 4,442,599 1,448,261 1,769,031 4,555,567 9,952,627	$\begin{array}{c} 2,033,796 \\ 211,035 \\ 2,227,662 \\ 537,111 \\ 500,486 \\ 2,124,499 \\ 4,090,504 \end{array}$	671,950 140,831 1,682,818 437,813 207,409 1,238,364 1,881,355	$\begin{array}{c} 889,565 \\ 109,102 \\ 851,911 \\ 27,068 \\ 104,060 \\ 1,274,180 \\ 1,320,756 \end{array}$
398,060 5,885 202,552 169,449 968 908 18,298	71,222 1,273 36,465 31,594 71 31 1,788	246,515 8,023 102,671 110,720 439 1,013 23,649	10,882,365 347,908 4,586,245 4,181,207 122,906 77,549 1,566,550	17,606,974 815,321 6,167,638 7,083,067 254,043 151,122 3,135,783	6,608,812 452,232 1,239,705 2,590,097 129,659 71,621 1,525,498	2,805,881 337,754 733,489 1,018,103 74,290 38,762 603,483	1,406,719 42,091 326,523 829,523 4,793 9,424 194,365
857,751 138,573 12,752 97,703 15,469 57,558 16,188 4,278 14,729 2,095 134,736 10,938 10,353 1,219 335,064 6,096	47,175 4,214 617 3,168 505 2,385 217 676 159 7,935 979 1,502 1,502 20,734 197	902,631 115,000 9,397 87,092 8,334 77,650 46,658 3,538 4,769 2,596 346,775 5,625 36,125 726 150,850 7,496	47,257,117 12,998,459, 570,267 6,801,804 687,078 8,128,151 1,988,975 703,271 304,132 132,607 12,294,375 368,170 1,181,322 96,158 588,391 418,957	97,411,479 24,086,026 1,020,506 15,428,050 1,579,917 14,454,680 3,788,811 1,193,978 664,443 358,959 24,719,301 1,148,57 2,156,982 188,026 5,767,575	48,346,805 10,829,780 427,473 8,438,283 868,531 6,187,505 1,689,605 482,674 340,137 221,502 11,935,480 927,680 927,680 4,672,512 472,926	16,516,250 3,705,712 168,419 3,586,729 491,494 1,721,882 659,217 213,856 75,942 59,641 2,275,867 782,091 262,972 73,115 2,207,650 231,663	6,849,763 1,077,503 87,320 794,622 82,527 578,993 159,709 16,805 64,240 16,458 2,280,761 112,191 144,218 9,673 1,350,092 74,651
5,409,145 216,150 216,834 24,479 15,322 642,722	337,417 15,659 18,560 1,692 2,010 25,046	3,307,138 140,903 123,928 23,167 13,254 296,868	189,406,473 18,368,818 5,196,245 2,865,056 1,555,898 10,587,058	260,893,394 21,773,885 8,044,284 3,405,137 2,041,220 19,397,180	71,433,221 3,032,355 2,488,717 490,833 454,736 7,845,486	43,318,438 1,882,372 1,173,106 272,598 178,880 5,923,240	38,525,646 1,482,189 1,649,294 171,284 79,574 3,470,280

VICTORIAN FACTORIES-POWER, WORKERS, MANUFACTURING

Factories.	Rated Horse- power			Salaries and Wages
	of Engines.	Males.	Females.	Paid.
				i .
No.				£
				1,324,496 2,253,793
		2,455	1,007	3,849,899
24	2.201		234	612,41
16	3,281	693	148	756,53
131	42,537	4,644	773	5,344,970
14	1,291	139	15	137,16
15	4.045	606	919	918,779
				961,49
126	31 562	1,629	136	1,701,35
103	3,832	854	160	807.77
	11,765			2,019,86
	1,713			223,903 91,190
3				19,14
12		397	ğ	483,39
26	478	338	98	406,808
	3,595			1,696,13
				492,627
				477,400 557,92
39	8,252	902	251	1,010,98
1 407	190 7e1	14 058	759	12,470,488
				6,061,471
4	306	42	3	49,576
550	22,609	4,866	222	4,223,383
				27,460
119				685,081 888,136
				52,415
22	303	182	65	187,853
3	506	144		143,740
16	740	138	35	151,374
704	16,885	5,472	1,078	5,142,604
542	14,431	4,446	297	3.807.255
				612,229
				283,886 $47,997$
				391,237
.	001	002	2.00	
004	111 207	16 600	5 504	01 020 570
	9.862	2 687	9, 504 937	21,030,579 2,950,770
3	1,300	774	376	948,420
549	13,108	6,088	2,293	7,460,976
46	2,780	834	645	1,162,376
				170,990
52				721,248 $1,748,126$
28		509	374	840,947
7	78,096	2,871	151	3,769,788
				237,986
96	2,505	722	252	1,018,952
151	58,143	5,523	1,409	6,884,454
54	55,214	4,937	1,317	6,279,660
97	2,929	586	92	604,794
28	440	228	41	217,887
6	302	94	. 32	103,155
16				104,391
6 1	45	17 :	1 }	10,341
	No. 18 83 39 24 16 131 14 15 72 126 103 6 6 6 22 3 12 26 10 22 11 19 39 1,407 588 4 550 6 82 112 24 23 3 16 704 542 37 52 18 55 884 106 6 10 21 22 884 106 6 10 21 52 884 106 6 10 21 52 884 106 6 10 21 52 884 106 6 88 6 884 106 888 6 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 884 106 888 886 107 888 886 1088 886	No. Horse-power of Engines.	Horsepower of Engines. Employment of Engines. Males.	Horse-power cof Engines. Males. Females.

Costs and Value of Production, 1957-58-continued.

Fuel and Light Used.	Lubricat- ing Oil and Water.	Repairs to Plant, &c.	Materials Used, Including Containers.	Articles Produced or Work Done.	Value Added.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
157,592 214,601 328,155 84,946 90,312 1,474,146 30,164	4,674 8,138 45,565 12,912 8,738 57,435 2,515	89,700 168,803 358,648 58,262 48,878 694,652 13,486	2,779,642 6,687,315 18,650,196 2,987,289 4,544,265 49,863,305 930,514	$\begin{array}{c} 5,390,414\\ 10,832,414\\ 28,474,743\\ 4,458,333\\ 6,595,991\\ 63,707,088\\ 1,416,629 \end{array}$	2,358,806 $3,753,557$ $9,092,179$ $1,314,924$ $1,903,798$ $11,617,550$ $439,950$	$\substack{1,160,107\\1,795,012\\5,497,810\\587,551\\639,506\\6,233,018\\105,651}$	587,485 366,118 7,524,488
125,597 102,574 411,981 62,676 343,194 96,831 6,041 1,567 289,493 13,533 34,718 17,351 60,714 32,390 285,067	$\begin{array}{c} 14,662\\ 11,772\\ 21,158\\ 16,923\\ 17,213\\ 653\\ 769\\ 388\\ 21,004\\ 3,223\\ 5,699\\ 2,468\\ 6,206\\ 6,245\\ 6,090\\ \end{array}$	125,535 80,256 157,174 60,558 393,673 39,612 5,507 1,102 62,202 12,971 89,608 45,535 60,052 29,807 112,997	4,983,431 4,283,656 825,955 2,481,941 6,898,053 813,429 189,578 23,582 4,194,299 573,250 14,335,495 561,333 1,227,560 1,695,600 12,303,710	7,336,807 7,081,887 4,068,269 4,677,081 11,766,177 2,209,269 431,555 56,014 5,837,979 1,247,244 19,145,516 1,325,350 2,514,488 15,044,231	2,087,582 2,603,629 2,652,001 2,054,983 4,114,044 1,258,744 229,660 29,375 1,270,891 644,267 7,686,663 1,259,677 7,750,446 2,336,367	893,885 1,867,073 3,464,639 1,185,315 2,977,758 219,270 140,878 29,259 1,703,681 1,998,731 416,204 947,826 267,022 1,211,233	970,581 767,303 1,840,757 928,746 4,360,600 211,275 80,582 11,701 1,260,053 149,369 2,079,805 398,784 712,359 106,855 1,293,479
585,390 404,759 2,714 100,611 530 25,179 24,285 1,320 4,039 6,878 15,075	77,646 60,382 220 10,512 91 3,188 2,167 114 206 179 587	852,949 649,101 1,077 113,039 745 33,355 30,024 741 4,233 11,464 9,170	26,093,239 14,781,216 155,384 7,225,044 17,296 1,479,622 1,160,987 67,457 381,581 423,732 400,920	49,639,629 27,497,988 249,781 14,001,161 55,152 2,630,394 2,827,794 175,601 679,102 742,865 779,791	22,030,405 11,602,530 90,386 6,551,955 36,490 1,089,050 1,610,331 165,969 289,043 300,612 354,039	7,589,316 3,050,459 66,545 2,811,222 12,299 443,324 602,838 83,630 132,085 148,926 237,988	5,236,749 3,257,671 20,027 1,170,196 2,446 276,196 266,733 9,409 42,818 96,870 94,383
109,958 84,892 11,771 4,699 1,196 7,400	11,344 8,916 1,191 616 60 561	125,351 86,244 24,956 2,995 928 10,228	9,998,020 5,781,383 2,169,914 782,983 60,918 1,202,822	19,307,504 12,385,843 3,362,624 1,356,085 200,468 2,002,484	9,062,831 6,424,408 1,154,792 564,792 137,366 781,473	4,489,579 3,200,428 537,266 222,961 82,690 446,234	1,189,118 811,169 241,832 27,501 5,019 103,597
1,623,364 104,585 20,318 199,623 39,593 9,043 14,730 75,392 39,508 1,057,365 4,467 58,740	169,286 10,452 1,777 28,088 2,867 75 1,591 5,832 3,544 110,969 1,445 2,646	1,246,531 111,738 11,878 314,522 55,181 5,299 22,171 110,296 42,196 511,028 18,092 44,130	45,178,232 7,155,997 1,013,347 10,121,885 2,705,304 146,449 412,424 6,027,731 3,222,769 11,394,235 579,147 2,398,944	90,057,969 12,607,045 23,968,423 5,237,345 499,937 1,503,318 10,537,426 5,292,689 22,814,972 1,119,636 4,145,222	41,840,556 5,224,273 1,284,636 13,304,305 2,434,400 339,071 1,052,402 4,318,175 1,984,672 9,741,375 516,485 1,640,762	17,361,740 1,517,366 323,450 5,981,564 1,149,421 98,689 303,066 1,783,677 876,303 4,512,106 108,588 707,513	20,924,719 1,790,637 432,243 6,109,456 807,170 44,314 190,443 1,675,781 831,327 8,396,710 129,515 517,123
1,024,563 933,010 91,553	62,850 58,206 4,644	909,275 847,983 61,292	16,506,010 15,061,964 1,444,046	31,959,377 28,901,824 3,057,553	13,456,679 12,000,661 1,456,018	4,679,635 3,734,571 945,064	4,602,645 4,027,768 574,877
10,994 1,426 345 9,223	205 62 11 132	10,285 1,804 262 8,219	241,135 45,889 14,949 180,297	699,495 201,972 36,327 461,196	436,876 152,791 20,760	183,453 82,858 12,410 88,185	105,472 10,919 3,252 91,301

VICTORIAN FACTORIES—POWER, WORKERS, MANUFACTURING

Nature of Industry.	Factories.	Rated Horse- power	Average Empl	Salaries and Wages		
		of Engines.	Males.	Females.	Paid.	
	No.				£	
Class 15.—Miscellaneous Products	411	26,845	6,588	3,769	8,582,266	
Plastic moulding and products	145	15,694	3,037	1,969	4,342,317	
Brooms and brushes	25	1,043	391	210	493,060	
Optical instruments and appliances	40	189	283	55	281,135	
Surgical instruments and appliance &	53	963	695	147	749,750	
Photographic material (including developing, &c.)	41	2,204	974	665	1,186,596	
Toys, games, and sports requisites	74	1,791	559	458	703'857	
Artificial flowers	6	36	21	95	69,101	
Other	27	4,925	628	170	756,450	
Class 16.—Heat, Light, and Power	78	1,615,537	4,583	36	5,336,378	
Electric light and power— (i) Government	17	1,443,949	2,581	26	2,972,059	
(ii) Local Authority	17	150,051	594	4	594,403	
(iii) Companies	17	5,431	40	2	32,292	
Gas works—						
(i) Government	5	14,057	ಶಿಕರ	3	1,304,001	
(ii) Companies	22	2,049	432	1	433,623	
Total all Glasses	16,426	2,992,064	259,404	97,739	310,540,109	

INDIVIDUAL INDUSTRIES.

The salient features of the chief industries are set forth in the succeeding pages.

Information given in the tables under this heading relates only to the sub-class of industry mentioned in association with the respective tables, viz. Tanneries 7.3). It is possible that odditional production of certain commodities takes place in other classes of industry—see reference on page 153.

Tanning was one of the earliest industries established in Victoria, in the year 1850 there were thirteen tanneries in the State.

Particulars of the industry for the year 1948–49 and the past five years are given in the following table:—

COSTS AND VALUE OF PRODUCTION, 1957-58-continued.

Fuel and Light Used.	Lubricat- ing Oil and Water.	Repairs to Plant, &c.	Materials Used, Including Containers.	Articles Produced or Work Done.	Value Added.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
531,248	36,626	695,100	17,861,018	35,107,072	15,983,080	5,851,118	5,246,118
332,997	20,443	358,829	10,516,921	20,047,631	8,818,441	2,958,394	3,381,102
8,595	1,031	17,752	862,331	1,720,629	830,920	492,747	192,762
7,330	343	7,454	258,822	756,835	482,886	258,421	61,935
17,105	1,631	16,443	533,085	1,683,523	1,115,259	422,256	166,630
70,659	6,276	117,337	1,872,540	3,621,592	1,554,780	958,798	657,965
28,091	1,366	29,081	1,078,897	2,239,883	1,102,448	365,006	204,091
1,466	207	1,520	64,649	161,942	94,100	34,793	9,448
65,005	5,329	146,684	2,673,773	4,875,037	1,984,246	360,703	572,185
11,279,295	290,457	1,133,874	5,245,562	34,263,821	16,314,633	20,793,106	76,213,115
9,753,266	168,431	602,323	232	22,624,003	12,099,751	16,212,043	59,927,010
1,147,794	21,577	61,357	1,750	2,776,071	1,543,593	1,192,158	3,580,493
55,220	6,854	10,125	1,090	136,261	62,972	39,600	151,434
277,716	48,034	284,150	3,464,828	5,741,672	1,666,944	3,087,963	10,425,432
45,299	45,561	175,919	1,777,662	2,985,814	941,373	261,342	2,128,746
40,413,875	2,348,590	25,185,613	743,273,629	1,377,697,308	566,475,601	280,206,762	310,878,918

VICTORIA-TANNERIES, (7-3).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June-							
rem.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Number of establishments Number of persons employed Horse-power of engines used Value of plant and machinery & Value of land and buildings & Salaries and wages paid & Fuel, light, and power & Value of materials used & Value of output & Value added to materials & & Value added to materials & & Value added to materials . & Va	2,427 10,905 394,081 561,607 1,141,977 70,189 2,474,287 4,455,600 1,785,623	3,810,292 7,173,631	13,288 823,121 1,032,879 1,972,290 125,151 3,832,094 7,213,584	4,049,889	1,073,979 1,850,966 152,348 4,289,032 6,981,548	\$29,523 1,018,103 1,846,806 169,449 4,181,207 7,083,067		

The value of leather and leather manufactures and substitutes therefor imported into Victoria from overseas countries during the year ended 30th June, 1958, was £337,765, whilst the value exported overseas for the same period amounted to £1,455,678.

The manufacture of soap was also one of the earliest of Victorian industries. In the year 1850 the recorded production of the four establishments then operating was 5,840 cwt. of soap. The following table indicates the development which has since taken place in Sub-Class 9 of Class 3 of the Statistical Classification of Factories "Soap and Candles":—

VICTORIA—SOAP FACTORIES, (3-9).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June—							
tten.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Number of establishments Number of persons employed	17 783	23 680	29 716	28 674	25 671	24 76		
Horse-power of engines used Value of plant and machinery £	2,313 $233,773$	2,711 $1,070,399$	2,507 $1,415,504$	$3,310 \\ 1,722,677$	3,450 $1,658,355$	3,80 1,448,40		
Value of land and buildings £ Salaries and wages paid £	181,224 332,264	718,249 562,584	828,627 614.093	839,635 663,409	811,935 784,874	822,51 822,04		
Fuel, light, and power £	135,752 1,497,649	211,718 $3.062,621$	191,412 3,925,756	167,664 3,762,323	171,718 4,037,395	193,79 4,912,38		
	2,666,115	5,257,271 1,773,247	6,354,538 2,018,355	6,381,913 2,155,457	7,095,429 2,516.527	8,443,38 2,908,17		

Additional manufacture of soap takes place in other Sub-classes of industry.

Imports from oversea countries into Victorian ports in the year ended 30th June, 1958, included 57,127 lb. of soap, and 2,751,930 lb. of soap substitutes valued at £10,637 and £239,820 respectively.

Bricks,
Pottery, Pipes,
and Tiles.

These industries are grouped because some establishments
which produce bricks also manufacture tiles, and others
which produce tiles also manufacture pipes and pottery.
Factories manufacturing cement bricks, pipes, and tiles are not included
herein, but are grouped with those making cement and cement products.

VICTORIA—BRICKS, POTTERY, PIPES, AND TILES, (2-1,2-2).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June—							
Toom.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Fuel, light, and power £ Value of materials used £ Value of output £		107 3,674 22,326 1,290,302 1,283,499 2,922,721 1,078,221 683,893 6,258,163 4,144,630	104 3,818 23,672 1,588,339 1,464,664 3,162,839 1,123,191 714,661 6,771,345 4,526,074	104 3,870 24,058 1,732,435 1,599,487 3,530,582 1,182,102 947,750 7,609,752 4,991,090	108 3,658 24,806 1,851,630 1,702,455 3,489,344 1,189,994 905,346 7,592,054 4,922,576	106 3,777 31,572 1,946,390 1,952,688 3,699,692 1,288,348 1,227,339 8,556,221 5,525,545		

Sawmills. Detailed information in regard to the sawmills of the State for the years 1948–49 and 1953–54 to 1957–58 is given in the table which follows:—

VICTORIA-SAWMILLS.

		Number	Value of Land and Buildings,	Persons	Salaries	Rough-sawn Timber Produced.		
	June—	of Mills.	Machinery and Plant in Use.	Employed.	and Wages Paid	Quantity.	Value.*	
			£	No.	£	super. ft.	£	
1949		486	2,182,131	5,969	2,169,200	267,724,071	4,414,533	
1954		640	4,941,597	7,323	4,929,982	326,936,259	13,185,958	
1955		635	5,439,424	7,673	5,642,384	353,529,724	15,077,883	
1956		636	6,017,635	7,907	6,120,111	343,022,347	15,356,706	
1957		575	6,323,688	7,345	6,087,348	333,802,710	14,966,030	
1958		588	6,308,130	7,033	6,061,471	334,238,405	14,950,466	
1			1				1	

^{*} Estimated.

The figures given in the foregoing table relate to all sawmills which are included in Sub-Class 1 of Class 10 of the Statistical Classification of Factories. Particulars of the production of sawn timber in other factories, e.g., Box and Case Mills, &c., are not included.

It should be noted that the number of persons employed is comprised of those working in the sawmills only—workers engaged in the felling and in the hauling of timber from forest to mill are excluded from the above figures.

Further particulars of sawmills and the 819 other factories which comprise the wood-working group will be found on pages 158 and 159.

Agricultural and Dairying Machinery Works. The value of production of the Agricultural Implement Industry is extremely liable to fluctuation due to seasonal influences and the effects of varying prices of primary products.

VICTORIA—AGRICULTURAL AND DAIRYING MACHINERY WORKS, (4-20).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June							
	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Number of establishments Number of persons employed Horse-power of engines used Value of land and buildings & Value of plant and machinery & Salaries and wages paid & Value of materials used & Fuel, light, and power used & Value of output	1,296,091 2,298,367 2,250,261 128,503	19,729 1,456,906 1,995,436 5,331,607 8,188,661 376,975	2,566,701 5,798,133 8,410,073	20,361 2,312,551 2,689,273 5,867,975 7,968,256 404,905	5,060 20,970 2,454,354 2,725,774 4,638,396 6,055,164 320,003	5,299 20,821 2,730,684 2,648,859 5,084,999 7,361,827 357,762		

Bacon Curing. In the following table particulars of bacon and ham curing establishments are given for the year 1948-49 and the past five years:—

VICTORIA—BACON FACTORIES, (9-12).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June-							
rtem.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Number of establishments	19	16	16	15	15	16		
Number of persons employed	729	623	674	776	775	841		
Horse-power of engines used	3,412	2,851	2,891	3,014	3,049	3,281		
Value of land, buildings, plant, &c £	393,229	477,228	532,374	894,472	916,354	1,005,624		
Salaries and wages paid £	299,985	460,726	548,912	665,487	665,713	756,531		
Value of materials used £	2,457,579	3,638,205	3,701,120	4,407,178	4,383,746	4,544,265		
Value of fuel and light $\mathfrak L$	31,916	52,619	60,055	67,248	72,386	90,312		
Value of output	2,997,949	4,909,438	5,094,993	5,634,793	5,860,210	6,595,991		

Butter, The following table gives some indication of the Cheese and Milk Products, value of this industry to the State:—

VICTORIA BUTTER AND CHEESE FACTORIES, ETC. (9-13).

Item.		Year Ended 30th June—									
iveni.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.					
Number of establishments	145	135	134	130	131	131					
Number of persons employed	4,605	5,164	5,219	5,443	5,620	5,417					
Horse-power of engines	23,182	36,073	36,644	38,204	41,094	42,537					
Value of plant and machinery £	1,805,671	5,545,539	5,787,405	6,167,630	7,030,601	7,524,488					
Value of land and buildings £	1,777,413	4,217,201	4,869,822	5,160,612	5,836,349	6,233,018					
Salaries and wages paid £	2,093,254	4,333,802	4,563,116	5,034,591	5,381,307	5,344,970					
Fuel, light, and power £	502,644	1,274,215	1,287,812	1,470,430	1,541,628	1,474,146					
Value of materials used £	22,071,888	42,785,267	45,980,696	49,565,235	50,812,487	49,863,305					
Value of output £	25,655,002	53,299,929	55,918,046	62,451,734	63,726,100	63,707,088					
Added value	2,832,785	8,643,238	8,037,560	10,678,284	10,567,169	11,617,550					

Further particulars relating to butter and cheese factories will be found on pages 158 and 159.

Bakeries including Bread, Pastry and Cakes. The statistical definition of a factory (see page 151) excludes from enumeration many small bakeries. Particulars relating to 1957–58 include 1,075 bakehouses which come within that definition.

The value quoted is the wholesale selling value of the goods at the factory exclusive of all selling and delivery costs.

VICTORIA—BAKERIES, (9-5).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June-							
	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Number of factories Number of persons employed Horse-power of engines used Value of land and buildings £ Value of plant and machinery £ Salaries and wages paid £ Value of materials used £ Fuel, light, and power used £ Repairs, oil and water used £ Total output £ Value added £	772,139 1,379,182 4,183,996 195,103 104,063	5,327 6,396 3,913,899 2,276,859 2,852,675 8,712,938 497,910 237,679 16,190,669	5,411 6,972 4,224,463 2,691,131 3,002,065 9,298,845 515,412 241,312 16,965,376	5,553 7,018 4,767,400 2,974,943 3,294,445 9,731,633 568,051 297,074 18,072,497	5,694 7,493 5,728,481 3,325,407 3,618,352 10,381,960 637,639 323,295	5,472 8,001 5,923,240 3,470,280 3,605,055 10,587,058 642,722 321,914 19,397,180		

Meat and Fish Details appertaining to the meat and fish preserving industry for 1948–49 and the past five years are given below:—

VICTORIA-MEAT AND FISH PRESERVING WORKS, (9-17).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June-							
	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Value of output £		16 1,064 2,931 477,185 629,918 844,824 93,511 5,091,852 6,526,100 1,264,704	16 1,424 3,349 642,671 826,835 902,035 146,313 6,143,253 7,593,928 1,163,769	756 3,652 844,706 731,396 714,847 117,509 5,493,284 7,107,624 1,349,209	15 653 3,219 738,708 684,409 613,728 86,571 3,258,626 4,599,538 1,158,207	15 919 4,045 970,581 893,885 918,779 125,597 4,983,431 7,336,807 2,087,582		

One hundred and twenty-six establishments were included under the industrial Sub-class "Ice and Refrigeration" during 1957–58. There were 1,765 persons employed and the total horse-power of machinery used was 31,562. The value of Land, etc. and Plant, etc. was £5,305,396 and the value of Output £4,068,269. Particulars of Meat Freezing Works are incorporated in the above figures. No collection of factory statistics is now made regarding quantities of carcasses treated in the freezing works.

Imports and Exports of Meats.

The following statement shows the imports from and exports to oversea countries of frozen, chilled, and preserved meats during the year ended 30th June, 1958:—

VICTORIA—MEAT IMPORTED AND EXPORTED OVERSEA, 1957–58.

	1001					
Meats.	Imports		Exports.			
neats.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		
Preserved by cold process—Beef		£	(lb. 15,544,446	£ 1,556,412		
Lamb Mutton Pork Poultry Rabbits and Hares— furred skinned Veal	lb. 34,695	3,298	35,192,866 ,, 24,693,835 ,, 395,735 48,553 Prs. 95,100 lb. 22,486,193 ,, 2,000,654	3,227,370 1,334,982 63,631 11,631 49,157 2,136,018 203,058 923,997		
Bacon and hams Meat Extracts Preserved in tins, &c. Sausage casings Other	,, 30,130 Bdls. 281,294 (a)	4,650 250,488 3,815	,, 27,964 ,, 385,326 ,, 68,032,273 Bdls. 1,550,512	6,247 143,364 6,578,323 1,788,710 47,005		
Total Value	(a)	262,251	(a)	18,069,905		

(a) Value only.

Victorian flour mills produce ample flour, etc., to supply all local requirements and a considerable surplus for export. The following table gives particulars of Sub-class 1 of Class 9 of the Statistical Classification of Factories, "Flour-Milling," for the year 1948–49 and for the past five years. There is additional production of flour, etc., in other Sub-classes of industry.

VICTORIA—FLOUR MILLS, (9-1).

· · ·	Year Ended 30th June-							
Item.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
Number of establishments Number of persons employed Horse-power of engines used Value of plant and machinery £ Value of land and buildings £ Salaries and wages paid Fuel, light, and power Value of materials used Value of output Value dded to materials £ Value of output	725,283 597,352 100,762 8,324,664 9,742,579	14,007 1,226,794 1,164,232 1,057,925 166,519 14,824,173 17,530,997	1,254 14,787 1,245,359 1,182,064 1,077,712 155,439 15,465,245 17,526,822	1,254 14,394 1,288,763 1,229,715 1,093,391	1,391 $15,404$ $1,352,927$ $1,564,795$ $1,244,330$ $205,868$ $17,672,652$ $20,437,346$	1,314 15,235 1,482,189 1,882,372 1,308,466 216,150 18,368,818 21,773,885		

During the year ended 30th June, 1958, 212,051 tons of plain white flour, valued at £6,639,543 were exported from Victorian ports to countries beyond Australia.

Particulars relating to jam, pickle, and sauce factories and fruit and vegetable canning factories, Sub-classes 10 and 11 of Class 9 of the Statistical Classification of Factories are given in the table below, which shows the main items of output, etc., for the year 1948–49 and for the past five years:—

VICTORIA—JAMS, PICKLES, SAUCES, PRESERVES, ETC., (9–10, 9–11).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June—							
rem.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.		
	1,229,491 1,740,874	4,314 14,630 2,443,327 2,540,874 3,242,993 257,324 13,256,809	4,498 15,225 2,421,336 2,663,715 3,389,643 274,033 13,740,768	20,239 4,696,154 5,090,769 3,621,171 307,276 14,126,352	4,965 27,465 5,296,945 5,633,105 4,320,626 415,476 20,348,458	4,903 33,612 5,617,554 6,085,361 4,462,312 413,101 21,637,485		

There is additional production in other Sub-classes of industry.

Breweries and Distilleries. Particulars regarding breweries and distilleries for the year 1948–49 and for the past five years are set forth in the succeeding tables:—

VICTORIA—BREWERIES, (9-22).

Item.		Y	ear Ended	30th June-	-	
	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.
Number of breweries	7	7	7	6	6	6
Number of persons employed	1,744	2,152	2,701	2,651	1,993	1,872
Horse-power of engines	7,020	9,396	10,937	12,029	12,096	11,765
Value of plant and machinery £	1,056,521	1,318,513	2,716,834	3,448,470	3,951,998	4,360,600
Value of land and buildings £	733,955	2,351,068	2,411,041	2,572,804	2,868,716	2,977,758
Salaries and wages paid £	923,935	1,730,707	2,422,450	2,595,828	2,081,382	2,019,861
Fuel, light, and power used £	132,296	395,385	356,762	345,347	339,834	343,194
Value of materials used £	1,924,929	6,895,444	7,144,774	7,209,078	6,502,285	6,898,053
Value of output £	3,329,303	10,509,751	11,051,551	11,836,425	11,317,864	11,766,177
Value added to materials £	1,203,780	3,048,705	3,284,012	3,935,686	4,078,174	4,114,044

^{*} Excluding waste beer.

VICTORIA—DISTILLERIES, (9-23).

Y4	Year Ended 30th June—									
Item.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.				
Number of distilleries	9	7	7	6	6	6				
Number of persons employed Horse-power of engines	285 1,437	187	197 1,958	$\frac{206}{1,901}$	232 1,926	221 1,713				
Value of plant and machinery £	221.030	1,985 $300,952$	308,851	204,970	260,428	211,275				
Value of land and buildings £	151,991	136,329	225,366	197.755	219,633	219,270				
Salaries and wages paid £	135,192	161,374	166,030	190,358	231,661	223,903				
Fuel, light, and power £	65,830	61,927	68,767	72,793	92,843	96,831				
Value of materials used £	504,273	40,979	460,960	516,439	694,195	813,429				
Value of output £	939,056	66,375	908,137	1,008,471	1,444,246	2,209,269				

The ten establishments engaged in the manufacture of tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes during 1957–58 which conformed to the statistical definition of a factory gave employment to 1,949 persons, who were paid £1,696,131 in wages and who used machinery, plant, land, and buildings valued at £4,078,536. The table below shows the quantity of tobacco leaf used by, and the output of the full number of licensed establishments for the year 1948–49 and the past five years:—

VICTORIA-TOBACCO FACTORIES, (9-28).

Year Enc	led.	Leaf Ope	erated on.	Production.				
30th June-		Australian.	Imported.	Tobacco.	Cigars.	Cigarettes.		
		lb.	lb.	lb.	No.	No.		
1949		1,137,753	7,315,033	6,188,846	15,697,065	1,532,942,025		
1954		1,880,206	12,802,514	7,637,166	18,387,405	3,706,651,720		
1955		1,727,432	15,091,886	6,256,721	19,681,155	5,355,563,750		
1956	• •	1,872,625	15,673,320	4,945,367	19,416,598	6,390,607,490		
1957	•	1,801,732	15,172,640	5,580,800	16,029,821	6,041,402,750		
1958		2,692,406	15,469,918	5,528,891	19,101,569	6,621,039,310		

Woollen Wills. Victorian manufacturers supply approximately half of the Australian requirements in woollen piece goods. They have also developed an oversea export trade in wool tops, noils, and waste, the value of which, for the year 1957-58, was £4,733,992.

VICTORIA-WOOLLEN MILLS, (6-3).

Item.	Year Ended 30th June—								
	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.			
Number of establishments	87	93	88	81	84	88			
Number of persons employed	12,192	11,655	11,386	11,273	12,013	12,055			
Horse-power of engines	34,160	39,324	39,199	42,123	42,803	41,081			
Value of plant and machinery £	2,091,389	5,169,298	6,080,917	6,287,187	6,263,559	6,583,282			
Value of land and buildings $\mathfrak L$	1,949,391	3,698,311	4,171,552	4,363,352	5,533,319	5,543,371			
Salaries and wages paid £	4,526,344	7,621,760	7,373,330	7,634,285	8,925,391	9,065,365			
Fuel, light, and power £	424,981	612,151	588,345	654,998	743,461	743,529			
Value of materials used £	12,872,112	22,105,459	18,714,773	19,930,980	24,139,546	24,597,525			
Value of output £	20,762,640	35,292,342	31,312,519	33,732,522	40,201,842	39,461,291			
Added value £	7,017,633	12,078,647	11,522,164	12,642,372	14,673,763	13,431,969			

Hosiery and Knitting. Early records show that, in the year 1886-87, there were three hosiery factories in Victoria, employing 56 hands. The capital value of land, buildings, and machinery was £2,080. The following table shows the main details about this industry for 1948-49 and the past five years:—

VICTORIA-HOSIERY AND KNITTING, (6-4).

T4	Year Ended 30th June—								
Item.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.			
Number of establishments	307	420	427	429	429	427			
Number of persons employed—									
Male	4,590	5,225	5,235	4,975	4,852	4,556			
Female	9,511	10,165	10,616	10,130	10,372	10,483			
Salaries and wages paid £	4,355,852	9,159,653	9,736,036	9,882,812	10,520,511	10,657,536			
Value of land and buildings £	1,977,300	4,598,502	5,825,061	6,257,355	6,665,597	7,319,900			
Value of plant and machinery £	1,783,052	5,049,642	5,493,936	5,612,335	5,504,214	5,766,123			
Value of materials used £	8,471,920	17,937,085	18,088,023	19,103,246	21,535,614	23,951,358			
Fuel, light, and power £	175,687	407,728	375,567	413,638	452,772	478,194			
Value of output £	15,886,698	35,987,732	37,383,608	37,826,879	41,599,653	43,024,020			
Added value £	6,863,710	17,081,053	17,485,174	17,694,594	18,996,798	17,969,403			

Boots and Shoes.

Particulars concerning factories manufacturing boots and shoes are shown in the following table:—

VICTORIA—BOOTS AND SHOES, (8-10).

	Year Ended 30th June—								
Item.	1949.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.			
Number of establishments	249	239	239	226	222	22			
Number of persons employed	11,121	11,402	11,422	10,939	11,136	11,092			
Horse-power of engines used	6,038	9,310	9,787	9,508	9,265	9,20			
Value of plant, machinery, land and buildings £	1,790,251	3,316,103	3,599,839	3,850,268	4,104,328	4,556,628			
Salaries and wages paid £	3,832,036	7,114,644	7,326,002	7,269,877	7,974,322	8,004,73			
Fuel, light, and power £	57,881	92,293	101,355	106,831	125,793	134,736			
Value of materials used £	5,807,671	10,750,344	11,360,428	11,731,745	11,731,640	12,294,37			
Value of output £	11,614,506	21,025,593	21,945,602	22,459,819	23,332,355	24,719,30			

Information in the next table deals with industries associated with the manufacture of dress. The figures shown represent for the year ended June, 1949 and each of the past five years, the sum of the statistical sub-classes of industry mentioned below. Tailoring and ready-made tailoring, waterproof and oilskin clothing, dress-making, millinery, shirts, underclothing, foundation garments, handkerchiefs, hats and caps, and gloves are included, but not the knitting industry.

VICTORIA—DRESS (EXCLUSIVE OF BOOT) FACTORIES.

Year Ended 30th June		Number of	Number of Persons Employed.			Salaries and Wages	Value of Materials	Value of Output.
30th Ju	ne	Factories.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Paid.	Used.	Output.
						£	£	£
1949		1,471	6,244	25,996	32,240	9,272,246	20,924,124	36,562,066
1954	45.1	1,654	6,218	24,300	30,548	16,546,721	30,078,842	56,895,807
1955		1,655	6,123	24,579	30,702	17,330,807	31,469,443	59,606,240
1956		1,608	5,901	24,419	30,320	17,573,217	32,236,840	61,315,870
1957		1,581	5,848	23,986	29,834	18,246,675	3 2,074,773	61,857,966
1958		1,586	5,642	23,304	28,946	18,306,304	32,709,744	62,525,370

Electric Particulars concerning electric light and power works Light and Power Works, of the State are given in the next table:—

VICTORIA—ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS. (16-1, 16-2, 16-3).

	Year End 30th June	Number.	Value of Machinery and Plant.	Persons Employed.	Wages Paid.	Electricity Generated.	Value of Output.
			£	No.	£	'000 kilowatt hours.	£
1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958		 68 67 69 68 68 67 62 57 53 51	12,725,787 14,797,107 13,629,496 15,941,360 21,464,881 34,925,189 47,397,231 49,071,096 57,017,032 63,658,937	2,059 2,294 2,453 2,500 2,608 2,690 2,891 3,007 3,186 3,247	1,221,460 1,452,885 1,593,944 1,979,255 2,317,959 2,431,526 2,790,735 3,315,382 3,533,826 3,598,754	2,321,283 2,530,227 2,708,012 2,772,047 3,013,827 3,485,668 3,956,715 4,417,958 4,751,241 5,012,578	5,512,47 6,214,85 8,301,20 10,603,02 14,095,32 16,168,74 19,046,25 21,475,01 24,942,38 25,536,33

Employees engaged in the transmission and distribution of electricity have not been included. In addition to the power stations shown above, there are a number of factories which generate electricity mostly for their own use. The recorded total of thousand kwh's generated for each of the past five years was as follows: 1953–54, 207,005; 1954–55, 195,644; 1955–56, 210,532; 1956–57, 285,832; and 1957–58, 307,994.

STATE ELECTRICITY COMMISSION OF VICTORIA.

The State Electricity Commission was established by the *Electricity Commissioners Act* 1918, and constituted in its present form by the *State Electricity Commission Act* 1920, now consolidated in the *State Electricity Commission Act* 1958. The Act provides for the appointment for terms not exceeding seven years, of a chairman and three part-time commissioners. The Commission's duties cover:—

- (1) Co-ordination and integration of generation, supply and use of electricity in Victoria.
- (2) Investigation and, where practicable, development of all possible sources of power.
- (3) Promotion of the use of electricity.
- (4) Development of the State's brown coal resources for the generation of electricity, manufacture of briquettes and supply of brown coal to industry.

The Commission is empowered to erect, acquire, and operate electrical undertakings and to operate any business associated therewith; to supply electricity to corporations and to persons outside areas in which there are existing undertakings; to frame safety regulations, register electrical contractors, and to issue licences for electrical mechanics. It controls its own funds and all officers and employees required for the operation of the Act.

Electricity production in the State generating system totalled 5,113 million kilowatt-hours in the financial year 1957-58. All generating stations in the State system are owned by the Commission, except Spencer-street Power Station, which is owned by the Melbourne City Council but operates as a unit in the State system, and the 50,000 kilowatt Hume hydro-electric power station (on the River Murray), the output of which is shared by the State Electricity Commission of Victoria and the State Electricity Commission of New South Wales.

The State Electricity Commission's power system generates virtually all Victoria's electricity, and at 30th June, 1958, was serving nearly 96 per cent of the population of the State. (Local country electricity undertakings outside the State system generated nearly 44 million kilowatt-hours in 1957–58.)

With the exception of Commission power stations in one region not connected to the State system (Mildura), the State generating system comprises a series of interconnected steam, hydro-and internal combustion power stations based on the large brown coal power station at Yallourn.

The installed generator capacity of the interconnected generating system at 30th June, 1958, was 1,186,459 kilowatts. Power stations in the interconnected system, and their respective installed generator capacities were as follows:—Steam: Yallourn (including allowance for briquette works) 389,000 kW (with further enlargement in progress); Newport (metropolitan area) 311,000 kW; Richmond (metropolitan area) 53,000 kW; Spencer-street (Melbourne City Council) 84,750 kW (further enlargement of 30,000 kW completed in May, 1959); Geelong "A" 10,500 kW; Geelong "B" 30,000 kW; Ballarat "A" 5,900 kW; Ballarat "B" 20,000 kW. Hydro: Kiewa 87,600 kW (with further enlargement in progress); Eildon 136,000 kW; Rubicon-Royston 12,915 kW; Hume (capacity available to Victoria) 25,000 kW. Internal combustion: Shepparton 10,530 kW; Warrnambool 4,980 kW; Hamilton 3,020 kW; Horsham 2,264 kW (ceased operation October, 1958).

In the Mildura region, which is not connected to the State system, the respective generator capacities of the Commission's two power stations at 30th June, 1958, were as follows:—Redcliffs 17,550 kW and Mildura 7,000 kW. Redcliffs and Mildura are locally interconnected. There were at 30th June, 1958, 12 terminal stations (total capacity 1,116,500 kVA), five switching stations (90,500 kVA), 60 main

metropolitan transmission sub-stations (1,049,000 kVA), 18,036 metropolitan and extra-metropolitan sub-stations (totalling 1,578,101 kVA). High and low voltage power lines aggregated 16,382 and 10,150 miles respectively. In addition, there were 917 miles of underground cables.

At 30th June, 1958, the number of consumers in Victoria served by the State system totalled 794,576, of whom 619,969 were supplied directly by the Commission and the remainder—174,607—by 11 metropolitan councils buying electricity in bulk. The Commission also supplied several municipalities and irrigation settlements bordering the River Murray in New South Wales. Of the consumers served in Victoria, 327,202 were outside the Metropolitan area. Farms supplied by the Commission numbered 38,999. Consumers supplied by local country undertakings outside the State system totalled 21.835. was extended by the Commission during the five financial years 1953-58 to 151,008 additional consumers (including 17,170 consumers formerly served by local undertakings acquired by the Commission during this Supply was extended during the same period to 26,573 additional consumers by metropolitan councils buying electricity in bulk.

Other Commission undertakings in operation at 30th June, 1958, comprised the Yallourn, Yallourn North (including Yallourn North Extension) and Morwell brown coal open cuts and the Yallourn briquette works. Production of brown coal at the Yallourn open cut for 1957–58 was 7,714,688 tons, of which 5,285,592 tons were used for electricity generation at Yallourn power station and the remainder—2,429,096 tons—for briquette manufacture. Output of brown coal at Yallourn North and Yallourn North Extension open cuts was 1,647,553 tons, of which 879,196 tons were consumed in Newport and Geelong power stations, the remainder being sold to industrial consumers. Pending the start of electricity generation and briquette production at the Commission's new undertaking at Morwell, output of the Morwell open cut (607,726 tons) was used in Yallourn power station.

Briquette output for the year 1957–58 was 626,173 tons. Sales totalled 645,255 tons, of which 172,000 tons (or nearly 27 per cent.) were used for electricity generation. Nearly 347,000 tons were sold to industrial and household consumers, and the remaining 126,000 tons to the Gas and Fuel Corporation of Victoria for the production of town gas at Morwell for piping to Melbourne. The briquette works also contributed 56 million kWh of by-product electricity to the State system.

The Commission owns and operates the tramway systems in Ballarat and $\,$ Bendigo.

Approved major power plant extensions include:—Yallourn (steam) 240,000 kW, which will increase the total capacity of Yallourn power station to 621,000 kW; Kiewa (hydro) 96,000 kW; Morwell power

station (steam), which is being developed by stages in conjunction with large new briquette works (stage 1 already completed) and is designed for an ultimate net output of 151,000 kW for general supply through the State system, after operating requirements have been met in the new briquette works which will have an annual production of about 1,500,000 tons of briquettes.

To connect Victoria with the Snowy Mountains hydro-electric scheme, work was in progress (for completion in 1959) on a 330,000 volt transmission line to a new switching station in the Victorian supply system at Dederang, north of Kiewa.

Work was completed in the latter months of 1958 on the 87 miles long Colac-Melbourne section of the 220,000 volt grid which is designed ultimately to encircle Central Victoria and extend along the Murray Valley to Redcliffs, near Mildura. Temporarily the Colac-Melbourne line is operating at 66,000 volts. Work was in progress also, for completion in 1959, on another 188 miles long section of the 220,000 volt grid from Kiewa to Shepparton and Bendigo. Initially, the Shepparton-Bendigo section will operate at 66,000 volts.

A proposed major project to follow works now in progress is the erection of the new large Hazelwood steam generating station, near Morwell, which is designed to operate on raw brown coal from the new open cut at Morwell, and is planned for an ultimate capacity of 1,200,000 kW.

Gasworks.

Particulars of gasworks are given below for each of the past five years:—

VICTORIA—GASWORKS, (16-4, 16-5, 16-6).

Yes End 30th J	led	Number of Works.	Persons Em- ployed.	Wages	Black Coal Used.	Oıl Used.	Gas Made.	Coke Produced.	Value of Output.
			No.	£	Tons.	Gals.	'000 cubic feet.	Tons.	£
1954		34	1,461	1,393,032	687,004	6,363,273	13,715,072	336,336	7,772,308
1955		33	1,462	1,403,991	695,519	6,294,976	14,290,270	354,737	8,718,747
1956		32	1,529	1,580,134	657,025	2,297,447	14,467,881	366,919	8,821,951
1957		32	1,629	1,833,078	603,487	879,757	15,745,759	228,457	8,778,498
1958		27	1,372	1,737,624	503,918	882,657	16,683,882	199,431	8,727,486

In addition to black coal, oil, and coke, large quantities of briquettes and petroleum gas are used in gas making. Factory Output by Classes. The following table is an analysis of factory statistics designed to show the relative importance of the various classes of manufacturing in Victoria:—

VICTORIA—VALUE OF ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES.

			Year E	nded 30th Ju	ne—	
	Class of Industry.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.
1.	Treatment of non-metalli-	£	£	£	£	£
	ferous mine and quarry products	17,595,183	20,682,385	23,176,344	24,733,182	26,220,176
2.	Bricks, pottery, glass, &c.	11,692,836	13,401,686	15,074,722	14,749,762	15,844,217
	Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paint, oils, and grease	70,836,980	99,128,508	120,506,721	144,750,520	153,179,722
4.	Industrial metals, machines, implements, and conveyances	281,161,991	322,848,254	361,813,229	361,873,915	408,198,887
5.	Precious metals, jewellery, and plate	5,545,988	5,994,370	6,147,592	6,313,861	6,435,681
6.	Textiles and textile goods (not dress)	108,247,448	104,575,687	108,718,318	123,492,985	130,871,911
7.	Skins and leather (not clothing or footwear)	19,595,770	19,389,988	17,942,080	19,007,394	17,606,974
8.	Clothing	86,031,234	89,932,979	93,069,860	95,936,599	97,411,479
9.	Food, drink, and tobacco	206,235,235	219,942,822	230,694,602	245,862,831	260,893,394
•	Woodworking and basket- ware	36,795,372	42,750,320	45,143,057	45,215,595	49,639,629
11.	Furniture, bedding, &c	13,440,450	15,236,503	16,647,854	17,224,165	19,307,504
12.	Paper, stationery, printing, bookbinding, &c.	59,839,308	67,830,097	72,606,188	80,931,011	90,057,969
13.	Rubber	21,620,993	25,281,641	29,770,920	29,034,799	31,959,377
14.	Musical instruments	549,463	577,551	651,287	650,466	699,495
15.	${\bf Miscellaneous\ products\}$	22,376,322	25,318,631	29,132,009	32,644,015	
16.	Heat, light, and power	23,941,054	27,765,001	30,296,963	33,720,878	34,263,821
	Total	985,505,127	1,100,656,423	1,201,391,746	1,276.141,978	1,377,697,308

Employment in The average number of persons employed over the whole Factories.

year in each class of industry is shown below:—

VICTORIA—AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN FACTORIES.

		*	Year Er	ided 30th	June-	
	Class of Industry.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.
		1954.	1955.	1930.	1957.	1900.
	4.					
1. '1	Treatment of non-metalliferous mine and quarry products	5,629	6,088	6,492	6,398	6,341
2, J	Bricks, pottery, glass, &c	5,532	5,752	5,893	5,652	5,660
3. C	Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paint, oils, and grease	14,104	15,418	16,577	16,653	16,996
4. I	ndustrial metals, machines, implements, and conveyances	116,812	125,289	132,270	131,299	134,221
5. P	Precious metals, jewellery, and plate	2,777	2,785	2,562	2,605	2,469
6. T	Textiles and textile goods (not dress)	37,753	37,455	36,895	37,945	38,078
7. S	kins and leather (not clothing or footwear)	5,436	5,460	4,941	4,724	4,649
8. 0	Clothing	47,196	47,571	46,889	47,093	45,764
9. F	food, drink, and tobacco	37,740	39,496	38,427	37,542	37,310
10. V	Woodworking and basketware	14,595	15,259	15,428	15,093	14,815
11. F	furniture, bedding, &c	6,048	6,168	6,263	6,312	6,550
12. P	Paper, stationery, printing, bookbinding, &c.	18,898	20,061	21,111	21,619	22,113
13. B	Rubber	5,371	6,122	6,771	6,848	6,932
14. M	Ausical instruments	298	286	303	293	269
	Aireallaneana madusta	8,937	9,081	9,827	10,313	10,357
1.7	Heat, light, and power	4,151	4,357	4,536	4,815	4,619
	Total 'S	331,277	346,648	355,1 85	355,204	357,145

Size of Factories. The following table shows the number of factories according to the number of hands employed for the period of operation during each of the years 1953-54 to 1957-58:—

VICTORIA—FACTORIES ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.

		Year E	nded 30th June	-		
Size of Factory.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.	
Jnder 4 hands— Number of— Factories Employees	5,474 10,725	5,672 11,070	5,693 11,116	5,854 11,730	6,077 11,748	
hands— Number of— Factories Employees	1,251 5,004	1,250 5,900	1,229 4,916	1,247 4,988	1,254 5,016	
to 10 hands— Number of— Factories Employees	3,841 26,824	3,826 26,885	3,915 27,408	3,918 27,444	3,862 27,252	
1 to 20 hands— Number of— Factories Employees	2,179 32,035	2,206 32,151	2,260 33,006	2,252 33,219	2,268 33,341	
1 to 50 hands— Number— Factories Employees	1,660 52,602	1,717 53,410	1,75 4 55,581	1,705 53,729	1,721 54,254	
Number of— Factories Employees	572 40,617	600 41,620	608 42,758	638 44,427	621 43,358	
Number of— Factories Employees	556 165,447	590 178,132	594 181,907	618 180,976	623 183,921	

The composition of the last-mentioned group "over 100 hands" during 1957–58 was as follows:—

			195	7–58.	
Size of F	actory.		Number of—		
			Factories.	Employees	
101 to 200 hands		 	345	47,790	
201 to 300 hands		 	114	27,515	
301 to 400 hands		 	43	14,927	
101 to 500 hands		 	32	13,958	
501 to 750 hands		 	60	35,964	
751 to 1,000 hands		 	11	9,448	
1,001 hands and over	• •	 	18	34,319	
Total		 [623	183,921	

VICTORIA—PROPORTION OF FACTORIES OF DIFFERENT SIZES.

			Per	rcentage	e to To	tal (Ye	ar End	ed 30th	June)-	_	
		1954.		19	1955. 19		956.		1957.	1	958.
Size of Facto	ory.	Factories.	Employees.	Factories.	Employees.	Factories	Employees.	Factories.	Employees.	Factories,	Employees.
Inder 4 hands 4 5 to 10 " 11 to 20 " 21 to 50 " 51 to 100 " Total	•••	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline 35 \cdot 2 \\ 8 \cdot 1 \\ 24 \cdot 7 \\ 14 \cdot 0 \\ 10 \cdot 7 \\ \hline 3 \cdot 7 \\ \hline 3 \cdot 6 \\ \hline 100 \cdot 0 \end{array} $	3·2 1·5 8·1 9·6 15·8 12·2 49·6	35·8 7·9 24·1 13·9 10·8 3·8 3·7	3·2 1·4 7·7 9·2 15·3 12·0 51·2	35·4 7·7 24·4 14·1 10·9 3·8 3·7	3·1 1·4 7·7 9·3 15·6 12·0 50·9	36·1 7·7 24·1 13·9 10·5 3·9 3·8	3·3 1·4 7·7 9·3 15·1 12·5 50·7	37·0 7·6 23·5 13·8 10·5 3·8 3·8	3 · 8 1 · 4 7 · 6 9 · 3 15 · 1 12 · 1 51 · 2

Occupations in Factories.

In the following table the persons employed in factories are grouped according to their occupational status:—

VICTORIA—OCCUPATIONS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN FACTORIES.

Occupations.	Year Ended 30th June-						
	1954. 1955		1956.	1957.	1958.		
Working proprietors Managerial and clerical staff, including salaried managers and	13,722	14,053	14,056	13,967	-13,934		
working directors Chemists, draftsmen and other	33,789	36,262	38,287	40,279	40,951		
laboratory and research staff Foreman and overseers Workers in factory, skilled and	4,299 14,193	4,590 14,862	5,511 15,262	5,585 15,498	5,751 16,262		
unskilled Carters (excluding delivery only) messengers and persons working regularly at home for the	262,916	274,741	279,848	277,507	278,110		
establishment	2,358	2,140	2,221	2,368	2,135		
Total	331,277	346,648	355,185	355,204	357,143		

Particulars in the above table have been presented in accordance with amendments adopted at the 1945 Conference of Statisticians.

The term "outworkers" used in the preceding table relates to persons working for factories in their own homes, but does not include individuals working for themselves. The employment of outworkers is regulated by a special provision of the Labour and Industry Act. They are required to register their names and addresses with the Chief Inspector of Factories, and factory proprietors are forbidden to give work to those who are not so registered.

The average numbers of males and of females employed in factories, and their proportions to the male and female populations, for each of the years, 1948-49 to 1957-58, were as follows:—

VICTORIA—EMPLOYMENT OF MALES AND FEMALES IN FACTORIES.

	M	ales.	Fen	nales.	Total.		
Year I 30th J	Number.	Average per 10,000 of Male Population.	Number.	Average per 10,000 of Female Population.	Number.	Average per 10,000 of Total Population.	
1949	 208,184	1,996	83,822	781	292,006	1,380	
1950	 216,198	2,009	87,278	794	303,476	1,395	
1951	 224,919	2,012	91,873	817	316,792	1,412	
1952	 233,699	2,022	90,444	784	324,143	1,403	
1953	 228,724	1,919	82,035	695	310,759	1,310	
1954	 240,698	1,979	90,579	751	331,277	1,367	
1955	 251.675	2,012	94,973	767	346,648	1,393	
1956	 258,006	1,995	97,179	764	355,185	1,385	
1957	 258,119	1,937	97,085	743	355,204	1,345	
1958	 259,404	1,901	97,739	728	357,143	1,319	

Of the total persons employed, males formed 71 per cent. in 1948-49 and 73 per cent. in 1957-58. As compared with the year 1948-49, the number of males employed increased by 51,220 or 25 per cent. and the number of females employed by 13,917 or 17 per cent.

Child Labour in Factories.

The main reason for the small proportion of children engaged in factories is that daily attendance at school is compulsory between the ages of 6 and 14 years.

Another reason is the restriction imposed by the Victorian Factories Act on the employment of female children under the age of 15 years unless a special permit is granted by the Chief Inspector of Factories on the grounds of poverty or hardship.

VICTORIA—FACTORY EMPLOYMENT: AGE GROUPS.

		M	fales.		Females.			
On Payroll on Pay Day Nearest*—	Under 16 Years.	16 and Under 21 Years.	21 Years and Over.	Total Males.	Under 16 Years.	16 and Under 21 Years.	21 Years and Over.	Total Females.
June 15th, 1949 , 1950 , 30th, 1951 , 1953 , 1954 , 1956 , 1957 , 1957	2,806 2,670 2,790 2,981 2,972 3,093 2,908 2,888 2,966 2,805	18,305 17,113 16,274 16,417 17,890 18,778 19,417 19,815 20,446 23,584	179,039 188,788 198,053 199,303 200,533 211,311 220,582 223,462 222,402 221,676	200,150 208,571 217,117 218,701 221,395 233,182 242,907 246,165 245,814 248,065	2,354 2,181 2,139 1,911 2,432 2,527 2,381 2,388 2,480 2,608	16,374 15,093 14,550 13,051 13,546 14,180 14,316 14,549 14,571 17,300	65,245 70,598 75,508 65,530 67,056 74,260 76,863 78,054 77,282 74,792	83,973 87,872 92,197 80,492 83,034 90,967 93,560 94,941 94,333 94,700

VICTORIA—FACTORY EMPLOYMENT: AGE GROUPS.

On Payroll		Ŋ	fales.		Females.			
On Payroll on Pay Day Nearest*—	Under 16 Years.	16 and Under 21 Years.	Years and Over.	Total Males.	Under 16 Years.	16 and Under 21 Years.	21 Years and Over.	Total Females.

Percentage-

	To Total	Males En	ployed		To Total	Females E	imployed	
June 15th, 1949 ", 1950 ", 30th, 1951 ", ", 1952 ", ", 1953 ", ", 1955 ", ", 1956 ", ", 1957 ", ", 1958	1·40 1·28 1·28 1·36 1·34 1·33 1·20 1·17 1·21 1·13	9·15 8·20 7·50 7·51 8·08 8·05 7·99 8·05 8·32 9·51	89.45 90.52 91.22 91.13 90.58 90.62 90.81 90.78 90.47 89.36	100 · 00 100 · 00	2·80 2·48 2·32 2·37 2·93 2·78 2·54 2·63 2·75	19·50 17·18 15·78 16·22 16·31 15·59 15·30 15·33 15·45	77.70 80.34 81.90 81.41 80.76 81.63 82.16 82.21 81.92 78.98	100 · 00 100 · 00

^{*} Prior to 1950-51—on payroll on payday nearest 15th June. From 1950-51 inclusive on payroll on payday nearest end of June.

In the following tables are shown the number of factories using mechanical power, and the value of the machinery and plant for each of the ten years, 1948-49 to 1957-58. The value recorded is the depreciated or book value less any existing depreciation reserve:—

VICTORIA—MACHINERY IN FACTORIES.

Year Ende	Ended 30th June— Number of Factories Equipped with Power-driven Machinery.			Rated Horse-power Used.	Value of Machinery and Plant.	
					£	
1949			12,367	1,617,088	76,079,598	
1950		• •	12,882	1,758,222	92,748,475	
1951			13,222	1,813,416	107,261,327	
$1952 \dots$			14,463	1,881,550	128,933,958	
$1953 \dots$			14,971	2,095,238	147,365,224	
1954			15,429	2,388,237	181,058,520	
1955			15,814	2,577,152	226,346,950	
1956			15,995	2,695,546	258,295,507	
1957			16,232	3,007,602	290,784,979	
1958			*	2,992,064	310,878,918	

^{*} Not available.

The difficulty of obtaining an accurate measure of average horse-power of engines used in factories has been pointed out in the previous issues of the *Year-Book*. In 1937, Australian Statisticians decided to discard the "average" as a measure of horse-power and to substitute the "rated" horse-power of engines (a) ordinarily in use, and (b) in reserve or idle.

VICTORIA—HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES IN FACTORIES, 1957–1958.

Class of Engine.	Electric Generating Stations. (Maximum Load).	Other Factories.	Total.	
Steam	h.p.	h.p.	h.p.	
Reciprocating Turbine	1,167,930	21,749 60,317	21,749 1,228,247	
Gas	2,475 $1,720$	3,508 30,453	5,983 32,173	
Heavy oils	45,532 304,678	12,721 1,418	58,253 306,096	
Total	1,522,335	130,166	1,652,501	
Electric motors driven by— (a) Purchased electricity		1,195,221	1,195,221	
(b) Electricity generated in own works	75,096	69,246	144,342	

Reserve or idle horse-power capacity amounted to 190,166 (1957-58) exclusive of that in generating stations.

Wages in Factories.

The total amount and the average amount of salaries and wages paid to persons employed in factories are given in the following table for each of the past ten years:—

VICTORIA—SALARIES AND WAGES PAID IN FACTORIES,

En	ear ided 30th	Salarie Managers	es Paid to and Clerks.	Wages 1 other Fac	Paid to all tory Workers.	Total Salaries
Ju	ine—	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	and Wages.
*-			,			
				gate Amounts.		
		£	£	£	£	£
1949	• •	12,714,268	3,063,591	78,050,654	18,581,927	112,410,440
1950		14,806,317	3,599,526	90,329,170	21,519,681	130,254,694
1951		18,505,029	4,558,679	112,418,309	27,725,219	163,207,236
1952		23,285,504	5,832,810	140,402,349	33,065,217	202,585,880
1953		25,724,699	6,342,953	146,171,954	32,637,962	210,877,568
1954		27,875,406	6,877,286	162,697,890	38,586,004	236,036,586
1955		31,734,914	7,836,084	181,641,546	41,537,242	262,749,786
1956		37,312,329	8,946,047	197,471,571	43,214,265	286,944,212
1957		40,159,079	9,962,551	201,428,284	45,057,538	296,607,452
1958		43,363,180	10,346,985	209,979,249	46,850,695	310,540,109
				,	1	I
				ge Amounts.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1949	• •	623 9 3	276 13 5	438 17 2	258 15 7	399 17 3
1950	• •	693 15 3	310 12 0	489 13 11	288 7 1	466 0 11
1951	٠.	816 17 1	374 5 6	586 1 4	352 13 6	534 12 9
1952	• •	961 10 9	461 3 4	709 3 5	432 10 7	650 15 10
1953	• •	1051 10 8	513 7 0	760 4 6	478 1 0	678 11 9
1954		1108 7 4	531 11 2	799 15 1	507 9 11	712 10 1
1955		1178 5 10	562 19 7	855 0 7	523 15 5	790 0 0
1956		1291 15 11	599 17 8	910 3 5	537 13 10	841 3 3
1957		1325 14 8	639 15 6	933 10 1	566 1 7	869 4 3
1958		1404 13 2	653 11 10	969 3 5	586 1 6	904 16 3
4	In aludea					

^{*} Includes salaries paid to chemists, draftsmen and research staff. \dagger Includes wages paid to foremen and overseers.

The average annual earnings of all employees (excluding working proprietors) increased by £35 12s. 0d. in 1957-58.

The costs of production and the value of the output in each class of manufacturing industry during the year 1957-58 are given in the following statement:—

VICTORIA-FACTORY COSTS AND OUTPUT, 1957-58.

		С	osts of—		
Class of Industry.	Raw Materials Used including Containers.	Fuel, Light, and Power Used.	Salaries and Wages Paid.	Tools Replaced. Repairs, to Plant, Oil and Water Used.	Value of Output
1. Treatment of non-metalli-	£	£	£	£	£
ferous mine and quarry products	11,641,193	1,942,356	6,118,099	814,359	26,220,176
2. Bricks, pottery, glass, &c.	4,104,660	1,910,069	5,262,675	1,061,216	15,844,217
3. Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paint, oils, and grease	94,981,119	6,087,092	17,234,395	3,548,111	153,179,722
4. Industrial metals, machines, implements, and conveyances	194,281,556	6,340,487	124,314,428	9,112,736	408,198,887
5. Precious metals, jewellery, and plate	2,795,601	131,599	2,065,615	85,146	6,435,681
6. Textile and textile goods (not dress)	75,800,329	2,172,504	29,352,927	2,378,758	130,871,911
7. Skins and leather (not clothing or footwear)	10,882,365	398,060	3,840,602	317,737	17,606,974
8. Clothing	47,257,117	857,751	30,126,717	949,806	97,411,479
9. Food, drink, and tobacco	180,406,473	5,409,145	32,559,995	3,644,555	260,893,394
10. Woodworking and basket- ware	26,093,239	585,390	12,470,488	930,595	49,639,629
11. Furniture, bedding, &c	9,998,020	109,958	5,142,604	136,695	19,307,504
12. Paper, stationery, printing, bookbinding, &c.	45,178,232	1,623,364	21,030,579	1,415,817	90,057,969
13. Rubber	16,506,010	1,024,563	6,884,454	972,125	31,959,37
14. Musical instruments	241,135	10,994	217,887	10,490	699,49
15. Miscellaneous products	17,861,018	531,248	8,582,266	731,726	35,107,075
16. Heat, light, and power	5,245,562	11,279,295	5,336,378	1,424,331	34,263,82
Total	743,273,629	40,413,875	310,540,109	27,534,203	1,377,697,30

VICTORIA—PROPORTIONATE VALUE OF COSTS, ETC., TO PRODUCTION IN FACTORIES, 1957–58.

		Proport	ion of Costs	, etc., to To	tal Value of	Output.
	Class of Industry.	Materials Used, Including Containers.	Fuel, Light, and Power.	Salaries and Wages.	Tools Replaced, Repairs to Plant, Oil and Water Used.	All Other Expendi- ture, Interest, and Profit
1.	Treatment of non-metalli- ferous mine and quarry	%	%	%	%	%
	products	44 · 4	$7 \cdot 4$	23 · 3	3.1	21.8
2.	Bricks, pottery, glass. &c.	25.9	$12 \cdot 1$	33 · 2	6.7	22.1
8.	Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paint, oils and grease	62.0	4.0	11.3	2.3	20.4
4.	Industrial metals, machines, implements and conveyances	47.6	1.6	30 · 4	2.2	18.2
5.	Precious metals, jewellery, and plate	43 · 4	2 · 1	32.1	1.3	21.1
6.	Textiles and textile goods (not dress)	57.9	1.7	22.4	1.8	16.2
7.	Skins and leather (not clothing or footwear)	61.8	$2 \cdot 3$	21.8	1.8	12.3
8.	Clothing	48.5	$0 \cdot 9$	30.9	1.0	18.7
9.	Food, drink, and tobacco	69-1	2 · 1	12.5	1.4	14.9
10.	Woodworking and basket- ware	52.6	1.2	25 · 1	1.9	19 · 2
11.	Furniture, bedding, &c.	51.8	0.6	26.6	1.7	20.3
12,	Paper, stationery, printing, bookbinding, &c	50 · 1	1.8	23 · 4	1.6	23 · 1
13.	Rubber	51.7	$3 \cdot 2$	21.5	3.0	20.6
14.	Musical instruments	41 6	1.9	37.6	1.8	17 · 1
15.	Miscellaneous , .	50 · 9	1.5	24 · 4	2.1	21.1
16.	Heat, light and power	15 3	32.9	15.6	4.2	32.0
	Total	54.0	2.9	22.5	2.0	18-6

There are considerable variations in the proportions which the cost of materials and the expenditure on wages bear to the value of the output in the different classes of industries. These are, of course, due to the difference in the treatment required to convert the raw material to its manufactured form. Thus, in class 2, the sum paid in wages represents 33·2 per cent. and the cost of raw materials 25·9 per cent. of the value of the finished article, whilst, in class 9, the expenditure on wages amounts to 12·5 per cent. and that on raw materials to 69·1 per cent. of the value of the output.

In the next table the costs of production, the value of the output of factories, and the balance available for profit and miscellaneous expenses are compared for each of the years 1948–49 to 1957–58:—

VICTORIA—COSTS OF PRODUCTION, ETC., AND VALUE OF OUTPUT OF FACTORIES.

	Spe	n.				
Year Ended 30th June—	Materials, Including Containers.	Fuel, Light, and Power.	Salaries and Wages.	Tools Replaced, Repairs to Plant, Oil and Water Used.	All other Costs, &c.	Total Value of Output.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
1949	244,486,168	10,612,058	112,410,440	8,979,277	70,349,936	446,837,879
1950	284,197,019	12,822,004	130,254,694	10,202,650	88,989,913	526,466,280
1951	370,258,115	16,324,000	163,207,236	12,790,832	112,453,141	675,033,324
1952	463,121,444	20,778,840	202,585,880	15,706,814	131,774,045	833,967,023
1.953	461,810,787	24,354,470	210,877,568	15,948,076	147,155,260	860,146,161
1954	531,527,923	27,539,190	236,036,586	18,123,298	172,278,130	985,505,127
1955	597,023,395	30,002,322	262,749,786	21,421,820	189,459,100	1,100,656,423
1956	653,230,994	32,665,916	286,944,212	23,547,248	205,003,376	1,201,391,746
1957	683,904,232	38,265,436	296,607,452	25,941,409	231,423,449	1,276,141,978
1958	743,273,629	40,413,875	310,540,109	27,534,203	255,935,492	1,377,697,308

^{*} Includes all expenditure not specified on collection form, viz., taxation, depreciation, interest, rent, insurance, &c., and funds available for profit.

These figures are reduced in the succeeding statement to their respective percentages of the total output.

VICTORIA—PROPORTION OF OUTLAY TO OUTPUT OF FACTORIES.

				Proportion of Outlay to Output.					
	Year Ender 30th June—		Materials, Including Containers.	Fuel, Light, and Power	Salaries and Wages.	Tools Replaced, Repairs to Plant, Oil and Water Used.	Other Expendi- ture Interest, and Profit.	Total.	
1949			_%_	%	0/,0	%	%	%	
1950			54.7	$2 \cdot 4$	$25 \cdot 1$	2.0	15.8	$100 \cdot 0$	
		• •	54.0	$2 \cdot 4$	24.8	1.9	16.9	100.0	
1951		• • .	54.8	$2 \cdot 4$	$24 \cdot 2$	$2 \cdot 0$	16.6	100.0	
1952			$55 \cdot 5$	$2 \cdot 5$	$24 \cdot 3$	$1 \cdot 9$	15.8	100.0	
1953			$53 \cdot 7$	$2 \cdot 8$	$24 \cdot 5$	$1 \cdot 9$	$17 \cdot 1$	100.0	
1954			$53 \cdot 9$	$2 \cdot 8$	24.0	1.8	$17 \cdot 5$	100.0	
1955			$54 \cdot 2$	$2 \cdot 7$	23.9	$2 \cdot 0$	$17 \cdot 2$	100.0	
1956			54.4	$2 \cdot 7$	23.9	2.0	17.0	100 0	
1957			53.6	3.0	$23 \cdot 3$	$2 \cdot 0$	18-1	100.0	
1958			$54 \cdot 0$	2.9	$\frac{20.5}{22.5}$	$\frac{2}{2} \cdot 0$	18.6	100.0	
							100	100 0	

The ratio of cost of materials to the value of the output of factories was $54 \cdot 0$ per cent. on the average of the last five years, as against $54 \cdot 6$ per cent. in the period 1948-49 to 1952-53. The ratio of salaries and wages to output averages $23 \cdot 4$ per cent. over the last five years, as against $24 \cdot 5$ per cent. over the period 1948-49 to 1952-53. The proportionate outlay on fuel, light, and power was $2 \cdot 8$ per cent. as against $2 \cdot 5$ per cent. After allocating the proportion for repairs to plant and buildings, replacement of tools, and costs of lubricating oil and of water, the balance available for miscellaneous expenses, rent, interest, and manufacturers' profit was £17 14s. 10d. in every £100 of the total output value in the period 1953-54 to 1957-58, as compared with £16 9s. 6d. in the preceding five-year period.

In 1957-58 wages and salaries took 54·8 per cent. of the value added in manufacturing (see page 152), leaving 45·2 per cent. for the payment of expenses not specified above (taxation, depreciation, interest, rent, insurance, etc.), and funds available for profits.

Value of Land and Buildings and Plant and Machinery.

The following statement shows the value of land and buildings and of plant and machinery used in connexion with the various classes of manufacturing industries for the year, 1957–58.

The values recorded in this section are generally the values apportioned in the books of the individual firms after allowance has been made for depreciation, but they include estimates of the capital value of premises and plant rented. The totals shown in the table consequently do not represent the actual amount of capital invested in the items specified.

VICTORIA—VALUE OF MACHINERY AND PLANT, LAND AND BUILDINGS, 1957–58.

Class of Industry.	Value of Land and Buildings.	Value of Machinery and Plant.
	£	£
1. Treatment of non-metalliferous mine and quarry products	4,364,627	6,568,436
2. Bricks, pottery, glass, &c.	3,603,113	3,005,079
3. Chemicals, dyes, explosives, paint, oils and grease	28,851,541	51,435,431
4. Industrial metals, machines, implements, and conveyances	95,603,296	69,561,194
5. Precious metals, jewellery, and plate	1,720,544	588,492
6. Textiles and textile goods (not dress)	22,475,125	19,420,222
7. Skins and leather (not clothing or footwear)	2,805,881	1,406,719
8. Clothing	16,516,250	6,849,763
9. Food, drink and tobacco	43,318,438	38,525,646
10. Woodworking and basketware	7,589,316	5,236,749
11. Furniture, bedding, &c.	4,489,579	1,189,118
12. Paper, stationery, printing, bookbinding, &c.	17,361,740	20,924,719
13. Rubber	4,679,635	4,602,645
14. Musical instruments	183,453	105,472
15. Miscellaneous products	5,851,118	5,246,118
16. Heat, light and power	20,793,106	76,213,115
Total	280,203,762	310,878,918

The value of plant, buildings, etc., used in connexion with three classes of industry—food and drink, industrial metals, etc., and heat, light, and power—amounted in 1957-58 to £344,014,795, approximately 58 per cent. of the total for all manufacturing industries.

The values of machinery and plant and of land and buildings used in connexion with manufacturing industries and the value of depreciation allowed thereon are shown in the next table for the years 1953–54 to 1957–58. The value recorded is the depreciated or book value less any existing depreciation reserve.

VICTORIA—VALUE OF MACHINERY AND PLANT, LAND AND BUILDINGS AND DEPRECIATION.

			Land and	Buildings.	Machinery and Plant.		
Yes	ar Ended	30th June-	•	Value at End of Year.	Depre- ciation Allowed during year.	Value at End of Year.	Depreciation Allowed during Year.
		*		£	£	£	£
1954				158,209,131	1.624,240	181,058,520	12,157,694
1955				186,324,240	1,909,450	226,346,950	15,208,625
1956				214,921,082	2,244,175	258,295,507	17,445,682
1957				252,023,659	2,670,085	290,784,979	20,836,351
1958				280,206,762	2,949,028	310,878,918	24,436,929

Accidents in Factories. In the appended table the number of accidents reported under the Labour and Industry Act and the incidence rate thereof are given for the past ten years. Since 1920 the Act provides for the reporting of all factory accidents which prevent the employee from returning to work within twenty-four hours.

VICTORIA—ACCIDENTS IN FACTORIES *

		Year.		Number of Employees.	Number of Accidents.	Percentage of Accidents to Number of Employees.
1949			 ••	292,667	5,956	2.035
1950			 	305,066	6,418	2 · 104
1951	• •		 	297,473	5,809	$1 \cdot 953$
1952			 	279,736	4,910	1.755
1953	• • .		 	299,772	5,275	1.760
1954			 	312,735	7,772	2.485
1955			 	313,679	9,785	3.119
1956			 	326,993	8,536	2.610
1957			 •	332,767	8,225	$2 \cdot 472$
1958			 	345,992	8,390	2 · 425

^{*} Reported under the Labour and Industry Act.

The foregoing tables do not include particulars relating Manufactures-Penal Department and Blind to work of various kinds done at the Pentridge Penal Establishment and at the Royal Victorian Institute for the At the former establishment the manufacture and Blind. process treatment connected with the following industries are carried on: Textile, tailoring, clothing, footwear, brushware, coir-matting, wood and metal working, knitting, printing, bookbinding, The approximate value of output during 1958 was £123,000 and of materials used £63,000. The articles produced are used principally by Government Departments. The work carried on by the latter establishment is the manufacture of brushware, brooms, basketware, mats, matting and polythene bags. The Institute also packs sugar, etc., and assembles and packs plastic toys, show bags and light engineering products. In 1957-58 132 persons (117 males and 15 females) were employed. The value of the articles produced for the twelve months ended 31st March, 1958, was £115,000

The next table lists the principal articles of manufacture in Victoria, irrespective of the sub-class of industry in which production took place. Due to the limited number of producers it is not permissible to publish particulars regarding some articles of manufacture which would otherwise appear below:—

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES MANUFACTURED IN VICTORIA, 1957-58.

Article.		Unit of Quantity.	Quantity.	Value.
				£
Acid—Sulphuric		ton	314,574	*
Aerated and Carbonated Wat	ers	'000 gal.	16,205	3,488,778
Batteries				2,194,723
Beer		'000 gal.	66,752	11,615,963
Biscuits		'000 lb.	48,134	4,922,214
Blankets		pair	486,695	3,245,793
Bolts and Nuts			!	2,147,468
Paperboard Boxes and Carton				11,380,075
Boxes and cases—Wooden				1,715,975
Bread—2-lb, loaves		,000	193,998	11,454,470
Bricks-Clay		,000	236,380	4,303,597
Briquettes—Brown Coal		ton	626,173	1,941,778
Butter		ton	86,236	33,091,226
Cakes, Pastry, Pies, &c.		6011	00,200	7,703,915
Cans. Canisters, Container		••		.,,
3.6 ()				12,906,492
0 11 1		ton	75,999	7,348,819
CVI		ton	14,840	3,376,946
C' II		'000'	6,621,039	14,822,139
Cloth Piece Goods—]	000	0,021,035	14,022,100
777 13			11,526,378	7,450,134
	• •	sq. yd.		1,400,104 *
Worsted	• •	sq. yd.	6,461,263	•
Confectionery—		1000 11	25.055	~ 740 174
Chocolate		'000 lb.	25,075	5,743,174
Other without chocolate	• •	'000 lb.	35,678	4,330,088
Electrical Appliances—				
Household Fittings (Switch	ies,			
Fuses, &c.)				1,411,892
Regulating, Starting, Cont	rol-			
ling, &c				3,005,208
Electricity Generated		mill. kWh.	5,321	*
Fibrous Plaster Sheets		'000 sq. yds.	7,621	2,449,102
Flour—Wheaten		Short ton	468,977	*
Footwear—	1		1	· .
Boots and Shoes—			-	
Men's and Youth's		'000 pair	2,270	5,608,624
Women's and Maids		'000 pair	5,868	11,927,533
Children's		'000 pair	1,449	1,582,747
Sandals		'000 pair	886	1,047,020
Slippers		'000 pair	5,004	2,794,000

^{*} Quantity only available.

[†] Includes composite wood and paper board butter boxes.

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES MANUFACTURED IN VICTORIA, 1957-58-continued.

Article.	Unit of Quantity.	Quantity.	Value.
			£
Fruit—preserved—			
Peaches	'000 lb.	60,215	4,510,971
Pears Furniture and Office Equip-	'000 lb.	90,799	6,327,077
ment—			
Metal			3,933,766
Wooden			9,216,384
Gas—10wn	mill. cub. ft.	16,684	10,999,714
Ice	ton	130,736	481,460
Ice Cream	'000 gal.	3,633	2,196,737
Jams, Fruit Spreads, and Butters,			
&c	'000 lb.	54,524	3,703,764
Leather—			
Dressed and Upper from Hides	• •		3,439,729
Sole and belting	'000 lb.	12,619	*
Machinery—Industrial—			
Hoists, Cranes, Lifting			1,576,689
Food Processing and Canning			1,695,280
Metal Working—			
Machine Tools			2,110,694
Other			1,361,235
Pumping (including Pumps)			2,826,263
Refrigerating (not household)			1,101,142
Malt—Barley	bus.	5,685,649	5,669,714
Mattresses—All types	No.	388,224	2,564,113
Meat—Canned	'000 lb.	93,086	9,397,852
Medicines, &c. (Proprietary)			4,307,423
Condensed	'000 lb.	97,234	6,453,859
Powdered—Full Cream	000 15.	24,854	0,400,000
Paints (not water) and Enamels	'000" gal.	3,355	5,877,472
Pipes—Concrete	ooo gan	5,555	1,933,043
Pollard	short ton	101,948	1,955,045
Ropes and Cables (excluding	SHOLL LOH	101,540	•
Wire)	ewt.	70,292	1 000 656
Sauce—Tomato	'000 pint	10,292	1,028,656
Sauce—Tomato Sausage Casings—Mutton and	ooo paar	10,571	1,312,761
Lamb			0.150.917
Shirts (Men's and Boy's)	doz.	685,419	2,152,317 *
Sinks—Stainless Steel	No.	95,121	1 220 640
Soap—Household and General	NO.	99,121	1,332,642
washing	ewt.	556 041	9.401.050
Personal Toilet	ewt.	556,241	3,481,950
Socks and Stockings—Men's and	CWt.	69,274	606,801
Children's	dog nois	1 107 569	9 000 504
Stockings—Women's	doz. pair	1,197,563	3,939,504
Soup—Tomato	doz. pair	1,657,083	6,719,691
team Gas Water Fittings, Valves	'000 pint	16,557	1,309,528
&c.			4 500 550
	• •		4,563,576

^{*} Quantity only available. † Value of gas sold.

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES MANUFACTURED IN VICTORIA, 1957-58—continued.

Article.	Unit of Quantity.	Quantity.	Value.
Steel—Structural—Fabricated	ton	58,344	£ 7,224,041
Tiles—Roofing—			
Cement	.000	19,357	709,922
Terra Cotta	'000	15,195	623,029
Timber produced from logs—			
Local	000 sup. ft.	346,431	*
Trailers	No.	963	*
Transformers, Chokes, &c	No.	258,074	2,222,966
Tyres Retreaded and Recapped	No.	589,662	2,664,355†
Underwear-Knitted Garments			
Men's and Boy's	doz.	674,950	*
Women's and Girl's	doz.	1,301,404	* .
Vegetables, Preserved in Liquid	'000 lb.	35,985	2,730,879
Window Frames—Metal			2,870,951
Wool—Scoured or Carbonized	`000 lb.	59,803	**
Wool Tops	'000 lb.	17,607	*

^{*} Quantity only available.

VALUE OF VICTORIAN PRODUCTION.

The value of production as estimated in the following table is based to a large extent on returns received annually from individual producers throughout the State. As a measure of total production it is incomplete, as it does not include the building and construction industry. It also omits factories employing less than four hands (unless power-driven machinery is used) and excludes agriculturists with holdings of less than 1 acre.

Gross value is defined as the value placed on recorded production at the wholesale price realized in the principal market. In cases where primary products are absorbed locally, or where they become

[†] Amount charged for retreading and recapping.

raw material for secondary industry, these points are presumed to be the principal markets. Care is taken to prevent, as far as possible, all overlapping or double counting. The primary value of dairy production, in accordance with the above definition, is the price paid at the factory for milk or cream sold by the farmer; the value added by the process of manufacturing into butter, &c., is included in manufacturing production.

VICTORIA---GROSS VALUE OF PRIMARY PRODUCTION.

	1.	Year Ended 30th June—							
Industry.		1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.			
		£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.			
Agriculture		89,374	84,305	88,902	86,141	88,198			
Pastoral		123,226	130,680	128,757	149,880	137,854			
Dairying*		57,730	62,000	70,094	66,830	65,431			
Poultry and Bees		22,170	20,261	21,394	21,464	23,266			
Trapping		2,227	2,315	3,422	3,588	3,621			
Forestry		10,190	10,721	12,668	13,134	14,109			
Fisheries		986	1,002	871	1,381	1,294			
Mining		9,329	10,809	10,917	11,891	14,022			
Total Primary Indus	stries -	315,232	322,093	332,025	353,809	347,795			

^{*} Includes Subsidy—1953-54, £6,811,943; 1954-55, £7,259,000; 1955-56, £6,355,000; 1956-57, £6,286,000; 1957-58, £6,696,000.

The gross value of production less costs of marketing, viz. freight, cartage, brokerage, commission, insurance and containers represents the gross value of production at the place of production, i.e. Local Value, details of which are shown in the following table:—

VICTORIA—GROSS VALUE OF PRIMARY PRODUCTION AT THE PLACE OF PRODUCTION.

			Value in Yes	ar Ended 30t	June-	
Produce.		1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.
		£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000
Agriculture		74,787	70,299	75,580	72,947	74,933
Barley		2,840	2,494	2,523	2,829	2,710
Maize		225	147	116	60	130
Oats		2,398	3,292	2,984	2,307	4,072
Wheat		31,315	24,952	21,361	19,778	18,460
Onions		614	681	810	685	425
Potatoes		3,100	4,801	11,662	4,797	2,222
Other Vegetables		7,403	7,742	9,845	9,954	9,219
Hay and Straw		12,406	11,034	13,287	14,358	16,331
Fruit-						
Orchards		6,282	6,883	6,517	8,364	9,422
Vineyards		5,213	5,090	3,895	6,498	8,106
Other Crops		2,991	3,183	2,580	3,317	3,836
Pastoral		113,254	119,424	112,041	137,962	125,389
Wool		67,648	68,581	61,917	89,652	68,520
Sheep, slaughtered		15,924	19,965	20,490	17,341	20,865
Cattle, slaughtered		29,682	30,878	29,634	30,969	36,004
Dairying*		55,552	59,677	67,594	63,759	62,918
Cream for butter		21,624	27,069	35,152	29,481	29,027
Milk for cheese		5,003	4,011	2,557	3,921	2,978
Milk for condensing, centrating, &c.	con-	6,306	5,587	6,229	6,085	6,520
Whole milk consumed		11,087	11,282	11,510	12,050	12,24
Pigs		4,720	4,469	5,791	5,936	5,459
Poultry and Bees		20,479	18,690	19,771	19,787	21,37
Eggs		15,202	14,227	14,877	14,349	15,516
Poultry		4,875	4,110	4,484	4,932	5,589
Honey and Beeswax		402	353	410	506	268

^{*} Inclusive of Subsidy—1953–54, \$\,\xi_6,811,943\; 1954–55, \$\xi_7,259,000\; 1955–56, \$\xi_6,355,000\: 1956–57, \$\xi_6,286,000\; 1957–58, \$\xi_6,696,000\.

⁻C.3866/59.—7

VICTORIA—GROSS VALUE OF PRIMARY PRODUCTION AT THE PLACE OF PRODUCTION—continued.

Total Primary Industri	es	285,757	291,159	301,655	323,154	314,764
Quarrying		2,955	3,299	3,931	4,738	4,953
Other Metals and M	inerals	761	1.063	4,382 1,148	4,644 1,188	5,227 $1,256$
Brown		946 3,628	886 3,945	815	668	556
Gold Coal Black		1,039	887	640	653	680
Mining		9,329	10,080	10,916	11,891	12,672
		• •	• •			. 3
Oysters Other		1			2	6
Crayfish		119	92	96	150	158
Fish		714	757	637	1,026	937
Fisheries		834	849	733	1,178	1,104
Other		*	*	*	19	21
Bark for tanning		158	162	158	3,280 163	120
Firewood	::	2,631	2,695	926 3,118	1,007 3,280	1,300 4,030
Sawmills Hewn Timber		6,686	7,130	7,621	7,828	7,617
Forestry		9,475	9,987	11,823	12,297	13,088
Rabbit and hare skin	s, &c.	686	699	1,314	946	786
Rabbits and hares		1,361	1,454	1,883	2,387	2,501
Frapping, &c.		2,047	2,153	3,197	3,333	3,287
		£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.
		1954.	195 5.	1956.	1957.	1958.
Produce.			1			
				ear Ended 3		

^{*} Not available previously.

The ultimate aim of the valuation of production is to arrive at the sum available for distribution among those concerned in each class of industry, i.e.—

- (a) Workers in all grades of industry.
- (b) Proprietors (including landlords) of any of the instruments of production concerned.
- (c) Providers of capital including debenture holders and mortgagees.

This represents the net value of production which is calculated by the deduction of costs of production from the gross value of production at the place of production. Such costs comprise stock feed, seed costs, manures, spraying, animal dips, fuel, power, water and all other materials consumed in the process of production.

TOTAL	37770	TY (T YYYY	^-	DDODTIONTON
VICTORIA-	–NET	VALUE	OR	PRODUCTION

Division of Industry.		Year	r Ended 30th	June—	
Division of industry.	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.
Rural—	£,000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Agriculture	65,624	61,516	66,465	63,802	64,971
Pastoral	108,930	112,196	104,820	129,883	115,970
Dairying	46,202	46,428	54,301	47,933	46,153
Poultry	13,991	11,796	12,618	12,506	14,042
Bee-farming	402	353	410	506	268
Total, Rural	235,149	232,289	238,614	254,630	241,404
Non-rural	19,633	21,134	24,621	26,265	27,367
Total, Primary	254,782	253,423	263,235	280,895	268,771
Manufacturing	408,314	452,223	491,948	528,031	566,476
Total All Industries	663,096	705,646	755,183	808,926	835,247

The index which follows has been compiled from the Employment in Factories.

Particulars of monthly employment furnished on Annual Factory Statistics Forms. These forms provide for the collection of the number of workers on the factory pay-roll on the last pay day of each month.

INDEX OF FACTORY EMPLOYMENT.

(Base—3 years ended June, 1939. = 1,000.)

Month.		1953-54.	1954–55,	1955–56.	1956-57.	1957-58	
July August September October November December January February March			1,602 1,614 1,626 1,647 1,658 1,658 1,683 1,700 1,719 1,712	1,706 1,714 1,725 1,737 1,747 1,745 1,769 1,769 1,780	1,767 1,776 1,782 1,788 1,795 1,785 1,792 1,817 1,824 1,816	1,788 1,787 1,785 1,788 1,794 1,784 1,782 1,808 1,820 1,801	1,790 1,789 1,797 1,804 1,813 1,805 1,823 1,847 1,853 1,826
May June	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,701 1,705	1,765 1,770	1,805 1,794	1,795 1,789	1,815 1,803

BUILDING STATISTICS.

The tables which follow comprise certain particulars of the building industry in Victoria, collected and compiled quarterly.

The figures shown deal with the operations of private contractors, Government authorities and "owner builders". They exclude the value of land and refer only to new buildings and new additions of £5,000 and over to buildings other than houses. Alterations, additions under £5,000 to buildings other than houses, renovations, etc., are excluded. The operations of "owner-builders" are included except when they relate to buildings in areas where building permits are not required, nor are they included in the tables dealing with employment.

An "owner-builder" is one who is actually building his own house, or is having it built under his own direction without the services of a contractor.

VICTORIA—(a) NUMBER OF NEW BUILDINGS AND (b) VALUE (WHEN COMPLETED) OF NEW BUILDINGS.*

			New H	ouses, Flat Dwelling.†	s, Shop	Other New Buildings.;			
Year End	ed 30th Jun	e	Com- menced during Period.	Com- pleted* during Period.	Under Construction at End of Period.	Com- menced during Period.	Com- pleted during Period.	Under Construction at End of Period.	
	AND THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O			(a) Number	of New Bu	ildings.			
			No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
1954			21,928	22,582	21,915	2,966	2,740	1,682	
1955			24,027	24,851	21,088	2,896	2,811	1,767	
1956			22,060	24,045	19,082	3,003	2,851	1,919	
1957			20,841	21,181	18,742	2,897	3,076	1,740	
1958			23,311	22,568	19,485	3,373	3,368	1,745	
		(b)	Value (when	completed) of Building	s mentioned	l above.		
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
1954			59,620	61,093	57,419	30,069	25,627	45,662	
1955			68,311	70,527	57,699	34,382	28,405	54,356	
1956			68,150	71,916	56,488	53,266	39,678	72,037	
1957			66,156	68,581	56,161	43,178	46,249	71,782	
1958			76,108	73,664	60,345	46,025	58,092	62,405	

^{*} Including owner-built houses.

[†] See next table for separate details.

[‡] Includes Shops without dwellings, Hotels, Boarding houses, Factories, etc.

VICTORIA—NUMBER (a) AND VALUE (b) OF HOUSES, FLATS SHOP DWELLINGS COMPLETED DURING AND PERIODS SHOWN.*

				Houses.]	
Year Ended 30th June—		Brick, Brick Veneer, Concrete, etc.	Wood.	Other (including Fibro-Cement).	Flats (Units).	Shops with Dwelling.	Total.	
			(a) Number	of New Dwe	ellings.	. ,	
			No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1954			6,346	13,313	1,934	689	300	22,582
1955			7,255	14,804	1,780	781	231	24,851
1956			6,938	13,983	1,731	1,273	120	24,045
1957			7,040	11,627	1,518	897	99	21,181
1958			7,905	11,796	1,666	1,104	97	22,568
		(b) Va	due (when c	ompleted)	of Dwellings	mentioned	above.	
		1	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1954			21,666	32,649	3,722	1,772	1,284	61,093
1955	- •		25,624	38,361	3,653	1,832	1,057	70,527
956			25,692	38,711	3,805	3,154	554	71,916
1957			28,332	33,998	3,441	2,340	470	68,581
1958			31,313	35,009	3,960	2,914	468	73,664

^{*} Including owner-built houses.

VICTORIA—NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES ACCORDING TO LOCATION (METROPOLITAN OR OTHER).*

Year Ended 30th June			Commenced During Period.		Comp During		Under Construction at End of Period.		
Year En	ded 30th	June	Metro- politan.	Other.	Metro- politan.	Other.	Metro- politan.	Other.	
			No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
1954 1955 1956 1957 1958	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		11,107† 15,293 14,316 13,160 15,020	9,808 7,381 6,929 6,489 6,913	11,364 15,919 15,453 13,732 14,544	$10,229 \\ 7,920 \\ 7,199 \\ 6,453 \\ 6,823$	10,144 13,214 12,056 11,484 11,960	$\begin{array}{c} 10,851 \\ 6,613 \\ 6,343 \\ 6,379 \\ 6,469 \end{array}$	

Including owner-built houses but excluding flats, shops with dwellings, converted military huts, etc. † Statistical metropolitan area prior to 1st January, 1954.

VICTORIA—NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES ENGAGED ON JOBS CARRIED OUT BY BUILDERS OF NEW BUILDINGS.*

Particulars.		As at 30th June—								
Farticulars.		1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.				
		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.				
Contractors (†)		2,353	2,519	2,617	2,412	2,456				
Sub-contractors (†)		3,486	4,124	4,039	3,760	4,077				
Wage Earners		22,637	25,753	25,650	24,371	25,101				
Total		28,476	32,396	32,306	30,543	31,634				

^{*} Excluding persons working on houses being built by owner-builders.

(†) Actually working on jobs.

VICTORIA—NUMBER OF TRADESMEN ENGAGED ON JOBS CARRIED OUT BY BUILDERS OF NEW BUILDINGS.*

m 1		As at 30th June—							
Tradesmen.		1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.			
		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.			
Carpenters		12,180	14,075	13,489	12,508	12,636			
Bricklayers		2,474	2,695	2,643	2,629	3,000			
Painters		2,346	2,604	2,877	2,823	2,947			
Electricians		934	1,118	1,192	1,190	1,425			
Plumbers		1,905	2,154	2,326	2,238	2,541			
Builders' Labourers		5,488	6,124	6,045	5,074	4,690			
Other		3,149	3,626	3,734	4,081	4,395			
Total	[28,476	32,396	32,306	30,543	31,634			

^{*} Including contractor and sub-contractor principals, but excluding persons working on houses being built by owner-builders.

FISHERIES.

Certain particulars about the fishing industry in Victoria are given below:—

VICTORIA—FISHERIES: MEN AND BOATS EMPLOYED: QUANTITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCTION, 1953-54 TO 1957-58.

	Year Ended 30th June- of Men.		Boats Employed.		Value	Production in Victoria.					
					of Nets and	Fish.		Crayfish.			
		Number.	Value.	Other Plant.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.			
		1/2		£	£	lb.	£	doz.	£		
1954		1,045	745	545,980	151,548	10,719,188	848,602	1,209,952	136,119		
1955	;	1,018	726	622,847	153,321	10,789,888	809,242	898,632	112,329		
195 6		885	683	616,221	143,483	9,333,619	755,760	1,025,524	114,698		
1957		930	703	685,090	166,020	12,243,830	1,202,674	1,164,472	176,057		
1958		937	699	731,788	171,170	11,233,365	1,098,606	1,229,961	185,521		

RABBITS, ETC.

Exported.

Large quantities of frozen rabbits and hares and of rabbit and hare skins are exported from Victorian ports to oversea countries. The following table shows the quantities and during each of the years 1955–56 to 1957–58:—

VICTORIA—RABBITS AND HARES AND RABBIT AND HARE SKINS EXPORTED OVERSEA 1955-56 TO 1957-58.

	F	rozen Rabbi	ts and Hares.		ĺ		
Year Ended 30th June—	Furred C	arcasses.	Skinned C and P		Rabbit and Hare Skins.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
	pairs.	£	lbs.	£	lbs.	£	
1956	50,358	32,783	13,154,894	1,338,782	2,343,348	1,170,344	
1957	44,951	26,682	18,250,580	1,862,756	1,844,919	721,138	
1958	95,100	49,157	22,486,193	2,136,018	2,697,104	623,925	

MINES AND MINERALS.

The supervision of mining and the inspection of mines are regulated by Act of Parliament.

Interesting information regarding the rights of the Crown to all minerals on or below the surface of the ground, connected with lands alienated from the Crown will be found in the *Year-Book* for 1940–41 and subsequent issues.

Miners' Right. The taking out of a "Miner's Right" entitles the holder to prospect for gold on Crown lands. The "Right" may be had for any number of years not exceeding fifteen on payment of a fee at the rate of 2s. 6d. per annum. The holder is entitled to take possession for mining purposes of a defined parcel of Crown lands which is called a "claim". "Claims" for gold mining may also be taken up under certain conditions on private land. The authority to occupy Crown land under a Miner's Right as a residence area was withdrawn in 1935 by Act No. 4319 now incorporated in the Land Act, 1958. The number of Miners' Rights issued throughout Victoria in each of the years 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, and 1958, were respectively 1,665 1,425, 1,470, 2,005 and 1,923.

Leases of Crown land and of private land for the purpose of mining for gold are granted for a term not exceeding fifteen years at a yearly rental of 2s. 6d. per acre, except for land that was alienated before 29th December, 1884, where the rental is 6d. per acre. For mining leases of land to be worked by means of dredging or hydraulic sluicing, the yearly rental is 5s. per acre. Other mineral and coal-mining leases are also issued at various rates of rents and royalties.

Mineral Search Licences are issued for metals (other than gold) and minerals on Crown land. Licences may also be issued over Crown or private land for uranium and thorium. The maximum area to be occupied under this type of licence is 6,400 acres for the minerals uranium or thorium, 640 acres for coal, 100 acres for iron, or 50 acres for other metals or minerals. The term of the licence is twelve months. The fee is £1 for an area not exceeding 160 acres, £1 5s. 0d. up to 320 acres, £2 10s. 0d. up to 640 acres, and £20 for a licence to search for uranium or thorium.

Under the Petroleum Act 1958, Petroleum Mineral leases of not more than 100 square miles and Petroleum Prospecting Licences covering a maximum area of 200 square miles are granted at yearly rentals of £10 or 5s. per square mile respectively. Petroleum "Exploration Permits" were introduced in 1955.

Areas Occupied for Mining.

The areas of Crown and of private lands occupied under for Mining. the Mines Acts at 31st December, 1958, together with the area being worked for different minerals are shown in the following table:—

VICTORIA—AREAS OCCUPIED UNDER THE MINES ACTS AT 31st DECEMBER 1958.*

N	ature of	Lease or L	icence.			Year Ended 31st December, 1958.
						Acres.
Antimony and Gold						9
Basalt						207
Bauxite						331
Clay						335
Clay and Basalt						18
Clay and Kaolin						34
Coal, Black						9,243
Coal, Brown			••	• •		3,577
Coal, Brown and Clay		• •	• •	• • •	• • •	
Diatomaceous Earth		• •	• •	• •	• •	376
Felspar	••	• •	• •	• •	• • •	13
Freestone	••	• •	• •	• •	• • •	10
Gold	••	• •	• •	• •	• • •	4
Granite	• •	• •	• •	• •		15,080
Gypsum	• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	45
	• •	• •	• •			2,660
fron Fron Oxide	• •					62
	• •	• •		• •		18
Kaolin	• •	• •		• •		135
Kaolin and Gold	• •					21
imestone	• •					248
imonite and Gold	• •					26
Lachinery Sites.					!	28
Ianganese						29
Ineral Water						-ŭ
Molybdenite						29
Quartz Crystal				• •		296
Sand				• •	· · · · i	26
Silver and Lead			• • •	• •	•••	30
Silver, Lead and Fluor	snar	• •	• • •	• •	• •	
Slate	par	••	• •	• •	• •	22
Slate and Clay	••	• •	• •	• •		23
Slate and Gold	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	40
Slate and Sandstone	• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	106
Stone	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	27
Failing licences	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	51
n, ~	••	• •	• •	• •		219
17		• •				299
X7 ~ 1 6m ~ ma			• •			.250
	• •	• •				76
Wolfram and Bismuth	.: •					57
Wolfram and Molybder	nite		• •			39
Volfram and Tin						43
Ineral Search Licence	s—-					
Radioactive Minerals Inder Mines (Petroleum	m) Act	_	••	• •		8,420
Petroleum Prospectir	ıg Lice	nces and	Petrolen	m Explo	ration	
Permits	••	• •				14,205,440
Total						14,248,003

^{*} Crown land and private land. † Includes State Coal Mines Area, Wonthaggi 7,575 acres. ‡ Does not include State Electricity Commission Area, 2,800 acres.

It should be noted that certain gold mining leases include the right to mine for other minerals and in some cases mineral leases also provide for gold mining.

Certain gold mining leases include the right to mine for other minerals.

Certain mineral leases include the right to mine for gold.

Since 1935 advances to mining companies have been made under the joint Commonwealth-State scheme for the development of metalliferous mining. The amount spent from this source up to 31st December, 1958, amounted to £134,397. Further moneys expended up to the same date under the Commonwealth Gold Mining Encouragement Act 1940 amounted to £11,778 and a special advance of £36,984 provided by the Government of Victoria.

VICTORIA—STATE EXPENDITURE AND REVENUE CONNECTED WITH MINING, 1953-54 TO 1957-58.

	I	Expenditure f	rom Conso	lidated Rev	enue.				
Item.		Year Ended 30th June—							
	1954.	1955.	1956.	1957.	1958.				
Expenditure.	£	£	£	£	£				
Mines Department State Coal Mine Boring for gold, coal, oil, &c.	127,26 822,36 16,99	7 753,246	174,491 684,858 69,970	729,968	210,885 700,988 149,544				
State Batteries—Expenses operation and maintenance, &		2,106	3,999	5,345	3,229				
Geological and undergrous surveys of mines Laboratory expenses, &c. Miscellaneous	nd 5,15 1,40 4,62	9 1,633	6,468 1,819 4,631	1,988	6,483 2,816 6,723				
Total	983,17	3 958,203	946,236	1,050,006	1,080,668				
Revenue.									
State Coal Mine All other	751,19 31,78		680,929 44,832		$472,\!100 \\ 61,\!390$				
Total	782,97	5 691,538	725,761	565,570	533,490				

VICTORIA-MINERAL PRODUCTION

Mineral Production as recorded by the Mines Department of Victoria is shown below:—

Metals and Minerals.	During 1	958.	Total to 31st I	December, 1958.
metais and minerais.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	fine oz.	£	fine oz.	£
Precious Metals— Gold Silver (a)	41,476 3,018	648,063 1,185	73,614,739 1,716,042	335,615,797 271,304
Minerals, &c.—	tons.	£	tons.	£
Antimony Ore	$1\frac{1}{9}(b)$	236	301	3,935
Bauxite	4,054	15,948	62,609	126,977
Coal, black	107,864	515,640	21,853,622	23,921,224
Coal, brown	11,751,988	6,286,869	174,590,845	47,447,165
Diatomaceous Earth	1,111	6,797	9,308	154,875
Fireclay	28,205	20,761	(c)	
Fluorspar			4,137	17,827
Gypsum	72,010	77,142	937,552	705,364
Kaolin and other white				
_ clays	491,793	315,056	(d)	
Limestone	858,739	567,895	12,619,139	
Limonite	758	4,890	(e)	(e)
Tin concentrates		• •	18,915	1,468,089

Note.—Additional particulars of stone, sand, etc., raised, will be found on page 209.

(b) Antimony content 1 ton.

(c) The statistical classification "Fireclay" was instituted in 1953.

(e) Not available.

Total production to 31st December, 1958, has also included the following:—

			Quantity. Tons.	Value. £
Antimony Con	centrates	 	 106,314	652,428
Barytes		 	 69	270
Copper Ore		 	 18,740	218,620
Iron Ore		 	 5,461	12,552
Manganese Ore	·	 	 422	2,009
Molybdenite		 	 1,005	63,984
Phosphatic roc	k	 	 15,781	16,704

⁽a) Silver extracted from Victorian gold lodged at the Royal Mint, Melbourne, amounted to 4,233 fine ounces valued at £1,680.

⁽d) The statistical classification "Kaolin and other white clays" was instituted in 1953.

Oil, crude		••	 Quantity. Gallons. 287,873	Value. £ 9,932
			Tons.	
Pigment clays	<i>:</i> .		 $4,\!502$	5,623
Lead oxide ex Jarosite			 109	1,359
Silver lead Ore			 804	5,992
Tale			 82	410
Wolfram Concentrates			 139	22,307

Platinum to the value of £1,671 (311oz.) was produced, while diamonds to the value of £128 and sapphires worth £630 were discovered.

Gold The quantities of gold produced in Victoria in different periods are shown in the next table.

GOLD PRODUCTION IN VICTORIA, 1851 TO 1958.

Period.			Quantity (Gross oz.).	Pe	Period.				
1851–60			23,334,263	1926-30			171,927		
1861-70			16,276,566	1931–35			307,370		
1871-80			10,156,297	1936-40			744,727		
1881-90			7,103,438	1941-45			423,653		
1891-1900			7,476,038	1946-50			376,534		
1901-10*			7,095,061	1951-55			287,457		
1911–15			2,161,349	1956			38,846		
1916-20			905,561	1957			45,752		
1921-25			421,250	1958			41,476		

^{*} Gross oz. 1851-1900; fine oz. from 1901 inclusive.

The gold yield which had continued to decline from 1906 reached its lowest in 1930 at 24,119 fine ounces. Since that year the highest yield recorded was in 1946 when 86,993 fine ounces were produced. The gold production in 1954 was the lowest recorded since 1932.

The price of gold in Australia in 1930 was £4 8s. 9d. per fine ounce (export parity calculated from London price). On the 19th September, 1949, consequent on the devaluation of the £ sterling the Australian Mint price which had been £10 15s. 3d. from 1946 inclusive, was increased to £15 9s. 10d. per fine ounce. This rate obtained until 1st May, 1954, when it was raised to £15 12s. 6d. Whereas previously the price was based on the price for which gold could be sold abroad in official markets less costs of movement, the current official rate reflects the "parity" value of Australian currency established by the International Monetary Agreement Act, 1947.

The number of men employed in gold mining in Victoria during each of the last five years is shown below:—

MEN	EMPLOYED	TN	COLD	MINING

	 Year.	 	Alluvial.	Quartz.	Total.
			No.	No.	No.
954	 	 	163	391	554
955	 	 	80	246	326
956	 	 	62	32 0	382
1957	 	 	19	351	370
1958	 	 	14	284	298

The two main headings under which financial assistance is rendered to miners and companies are (a) loans to approved mining companies, syndicates or individual miners, and (b) subsidies paid to gold producers by the Commonwealth Government under the Gold Mining Industry Assistance Act, 1954. This latter Act, which came into operation on the 24th November, 1954, provides that for the two years ending 30th June, 1955, and 30th June, 1956 (later extended), small producers whose output is not more than 500 fine oz. per year may receive a subsidy of 30s. per fine oz., and larger producers whose production costs exceed £13 10s. 0d. per fine oz. may be granted a subsidy equal to three-quarters of production cost per fine oz. less £13 10s. 0d. up to a maximum of £2 per fine oz. Premiums received by producers from the sale of gold overseas by the Gold Producers' Association are offset against subsidy payments.

The yields in fine ounces in the other principal gold-producing States in 1957 were 849,751 in Western Australia, 63,363 in Queensland and 31,043 in New South Wales. The Northern Territory produced 73,970 fine ounces.

The total production of the Commonwealth in fine ounces was 1,645,697 in 1939, 869,537 in 1950, 895,551 in 1951, 980,435 in 1952, 1,075,181 in 1953, 1,117,742 in 1954, 1,049,039 in 1955, 1,029,821 in 1956, and 1,083,941 in 1957.

The total production of gold in the world in fine ounces (thousands) as shown in the Review for 1957, published by the Commonwealth Bureau of Mineral Resources, has been estimated as follows:—1953, 24,200; 1954, 25,700 1955, 26,900; 1956, 28,000; and 1957, 29,300.

The foregoing estimates exclude the U.S.S.R. and satellite countries.

Government Batteries, Gyanidation and Brucking and Stuicing and Stuici

VICTORIA—GOVERNMENT BATTERIES, CYANIDATION, AND DREDGING AND SLUICING, 1955 TO 1958.

		Governn	nent Batte	ries.	C	yanidation.		Dredging and Sluicing.		
Year.		Number of Batteries Operating.	Quantity of Ore Treated for Gold.	Yield of Gold.	Number of Plants.	Quantity of Tailings Treated.	Yield of Gold.	Number of Plants.	Quantity of Material Treated.	Yield of Gold.
			tons.	fine oz.		tons.	fine oz.		cub. yds.	fine oz.
1955		4	143	81	8	13,805	764	10	1,369,235	5,567
1956		5	87	50	6	10,785	476	6	1,258,651	6,433
1957	٠.,	5	138	103	7	11,861	523	8	401,458	1,652
1958		6	187	216	5	11,150	569	. 2	7,000	86

Mining The following table shows the yield of alluvial and District Gold Yields. quartz gold in fine ounces in the various mining districts:—

VICTORIA—DISTRICT YIELDS OF GOLD (ALLUVIAL AND QUARTZ), 1958.

	. 5.4			Year 1958.				
M1	ning District	J.		Quartz.	Alluvial.	Total.		
				gross oz.	gross oz.	gross oz.		
Ararat				6		6		
Ballarat				2,121		2,121		
Beechworth (No	orth-east)			20,369		20,369		
Bendigo `				165		165		
Castlemaine				23,191	86	23,277		
Gippsland				783		783		
Maryborough				1,068	••	1,068		
To	tal			47,703	86	47,789*		

^{*} A yield of 41,476 fine ozs.

Bituminous coal was mined during 1958 at Jumbunna South, Kilcunda, Korumburra, Mirboo North, and Wonthaggi, and brown coal at Bacchus Marsh, Morwell, Thorpdale, Yan Yan Gurt (near Winchelsea), Yallourn and Yallourn North. The coal resources of Victoria have been described in detail in previous issues of the Year-Book.

Production of Black Coal respectively, and the production and Briquettes. hereunder for specified periods:— The production and value of black and brown coal respectively, and the production of briquettes are shown

VICTORIA—COAL PRODUCTION AND VALUE.

			Blac	k Coal.	Brown	Coal.	Briquettes
Pe	riod.		Annual Production.	Value.	Annual Production.	Value.	Annual Production.
			tons.	£	tons.	£	tons.
1921-25			520,705*	591,703	258,094*	61,558	77,945†
1926-30			668,177*	892,734	1,515,592*	192,612	135,185*
1931-35			472,030*	444,003	2,445,215*	256,261	311,020*
1936			426,725	390,743	3,044,897	323,914	355,088
1937			257,945	254,126	3,393,919	325,950	390,493
1938			307,258	286,679	3,675,450	351,721	414.059
1939			364,895	259,814	3,651,014	385,952	414,598
1940			267,694	230,452	4,278,475	391,549	427,530
19 41			326,441	303,761	4,565,638	422,993	419,104
1942			312,854	411,107	4,933,861	469,699	416,928
1943			287,100	429,358	5,091,729	528,666	411,355
1944			257,692	407,793	5,016,437	566,444	428,844
1945			247.297	494,690	5,445,108	641,069	455,076
1946			191,290	397,662	5,707,039	706,504	504,275
1947			173,683	299,784	6,140,140	937,429	513,891
1948			167,540	347,687	6,692,291	1,187,715	542,189
1949			122,507	379,464	7,375,559	1,469,455	576,603
1950			126,431	382,230	7,327,119	1,706,612	526,781
1951			147,743	600,734	7,836,056	2,754,822	562,621
1952		٠.	143,820	753,007	8,103,764	3,476,627	554,249
1958			151,907	979,541	8,257,299	3,636,668	559,522
1954			141,318	901,413	9,331,255	3,945,031	614,145
1955			132,888	826,268	10,112,206	4,393,637	635,716
1956		٠,	118,827	677,031	10,559,801	4,624,537	619,035
1957			111,569	504,181	10.740.989	5,205,244	619,730
1958			107,864	515,640	11,751,988	6,286,869	646,907

^{*} Average annual production.

The number of men employed in coal mining during the last five years was as follows:---

MEN EMPLOYED IN COAL MINING.

	Year.					Black Coal.	Brown Coal.	Total.	
						No.	No.	No.	
1954						824	771	1,595	
1955						736	1,579	2,315	
1956						690	1,565	2,255	
1957						620	1,494	2,114	
1958					!	573	1,467	2,040	

^{† 1,392} tons in 1924, 76,553 tons in 1925.

The quantities of black coal which were produced in the other States during the last five years were as follows:—

COAL PRODUCTION—IN STATES OTHER THAN VICTORIA.

	Year.	 New South Wales.	Queensland.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.
		tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.
1953		 14,173,831	2,516,812	448,484	886,182	233,629
1954		 15,083,260	2,760,810	495,106	1,018,343	264,202
1955		 14,736,397	2,747,165	455,287	903,792	299,221
1956		 14,810,165	2,734,659	481,463	830,006	298,713
1957		 15,390,236	2,701,577	608,913	838,661	268,140

Tin With the depletion of the field at Eldorado, near in Victoria. Beechworth, tin mining ceased in 1955.

Mining Accidents. The numbers of fatal and of non-fatal accidents which occurred in gold and coal mines and quarries during the past five years are shown in the following table. Only those non-fatal accidents have been recorded which rendered the injured unfit for work for a period of at least fourteen days.

VICTORIA—MINING ACCIDENTS, 1954 TO 1958.

Year.		Gold M	lines.	Coal M	lines.	Quar	Quarries.		
		Fatal Accidents.	Nen- Fatal.	Fatal Accidents.	Non- Fatal.	Fatal Accidents.	Non- Fatal		
، براني		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		
1954		2	2	2	17	5	6		
1955			3	2	11	6	10		
1956		4	1	1	7	4	17		
1957		·	6		5	9	9		
1958			1		2	6	10		

Quarries, etc. The recorded quantities and values of the principal kinds of stone raised in Victoria during the past four years are set out in the following table. This information is additional to that shown on page 203 under "Mineral Production."

VICTORIA—QUARRYING AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS. *

Year Ended 31st December—		Number of Returns,	Main Kind	Approximate Recorded Value* of			
	st December—		Returns.	Bluestone.	Sandstone.	Granite.	Stone, Sand, etc. Raised.†
				cub. yds.	cub. yds.	tons.	£
1954			137	2,338,758	77,885	205,290	3,299,490
1955	• •		141	2,644,392	117,090	179,964	3,931,657
1956			142	3,240,699	113,250	215,609	4,738,013
1957			133	3,416,132	191,393	204,590	4,952,773

^{*} Prior to 1952-53, total production of Limestone was shown in this table. The significant production of Limestone is now recorded on page 203 under "Mineral Production".

Information in the foregoing table has been obtained from "regular" quarries which are known to have a fixed plant and which are in permanent production. It is realized that there is considerable quarry production unrecorded due mainly to contractors who, requiring material from a source adjacent to the work for which they are suppliers, open up quarries for that purpose or exploit stone outcrops, mine tailings &c. This work is usually only of a temporary nature.

Much of the sand and gravel used in road, railway, and general building is obtained from sources other than regular sand and gravel pits; limestone rubble extensively used on roads in the north-western portion of the State is usually obtained from adjacent outcrops. It has been found impracticable to obtain quantities and values of all such materials.

[†] Wholesale selling value of stone at works, exclusive of delivery charges.

THE SEARCH FOR OIL IN VICTORIA.

The earlier history of the search for oil in Victoria is recorded in the Year-Book 1937-38, page 504.

Oil production in Victoria ceased towards the end of 1951 when operations at Lakes Entrance were suspended. Crude oil yield from tests carried out aggregated 287,873 gallons during a period of approximately ten years. There was a revival of interest in potential oil-bearing areas in Victoria, late in 1953 following the discovery of oil in Western Australia, which resulted in the issue of 22 Petroleum Prospecting Licences during the year 1954. A great deal of preliminary exploration was carried out in Gippsland, and test drilling began in 1955 on two areas covered by these licences.